

LAWS OF MALAYSIA

Act 716

WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 2010

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LAWS OF MALAYSIA

Act 716

WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT 2010

An Act to provide for the protection and conservation of wildlife and for matters connected therewith.

ENACTED by the Parliament of Malaysia as follows:

PART I

PRELIMINARY

Short title and commencement

- **1.** (1) This Act may be cited as the Wildlife Conservation Act 2010.
- (2) This Act comes into operation on a date to be appointed by the Minister by notification in the *Gazette*.

Application

- **2.** (1) This Act applies to Peninsular Malaysia and the Federal Territory of Labuan.
- (2) This Act does not apply to any wildlife falling within List II of the Ninth Schedule of the Federal Constitution and the Fisheries Act 1985 [Act 317].

Interpretation

3. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires—

"licensed taxidermist" means a person who is granted a licence to carry on taxidermy business under this Act;

"part or derivative" means any substantially complete or part or derivative of wildlife, in natural form, stuffed, chilled, preserved, dried, processed or otherwise treated or prepared which may or may not be contained in preparations, and includes—

- (a) meat, bone, hide, skin, leather, tusk, horn, antler, gland, feathers, hair, teeth, claw, shell, scale, nest and eggs;
- (b) tissue, blood, fat, oil, milk, venom, saliva, urine and faeces;
- (c) any compound derived from anything mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b); or
- (d) any thing which is claimed by any person, or which appears from an accompanying document, the packaging, a label or mark or from any other circumstances, to contain any part or derivative of wildlife;

"immediate danger to human life" means a danger in which there is reason to believe that if any wildlife is not captured or killed, it may cause loss of human life;

"export" means to take or cause to be taken out of Malaysia by land, sea or air, any wildlife or any part or derivative of wildlife;

"re-export" means the export of any wildlife or any part or derivative of any wildlife which has been previously imported;

"hybrid" means the result of cross-breeding of-

- (a) any wildlife with any other animal; or
- (b) any wildlife with other species of wildlife;

"wildlife" means any species of wild animal or wild bird, whether totally protected or protected, vertebrate or invertebrate, live or dead, mature or immature and whether or not may be tamed or bred in captivity; "protected wildlife" means any wildlife specified in the First Schedule;

"totally protected wildlife" means any wildlife specified in the Second Schedule;

"immature wildlife" means any wildlife which does not satisfy the standard of maturity specified in the Third Schedule;

"permanent reserved forest" has the meaning assigned to it in the National Forestry Act 1984 [Act 313];

"import" means to bring in or cause to be brought into Malaysia by land, sea or air, any wildlife or any part or derivative of any wildlife:

"salt lick" includes any mineral spring or ground containing or bearing salt or any other mineral, the consumption of which is conducive to the health or well being of wildlife;

"snare" means a snare as specified in the Seventh Schedule;

"wildlife sanctuary" means an area declared under Part V as a wildlife sanctuary;

"Director General" means the Director General for Wildlife and National Parks:

"licence" means a licence granted under this Act;

"hunting" includes pursuing, trapping, capturing, taking or killing any wildlife by any prescribed means, whether or not the wildlife is then or subsequently taken, trapped, captured or killed;

"Minister" means the Minister charged with the responsibility for the protection of wildlife;

"open season" means a period during which a protected wildlife may be hunted as prescribed under this Act;

"aborigine" has the meaning assigned to it in the Aboriginal Peoples Act 1954 [Act 134];

"officer" means an officer appointed under subsection 4(1);

"licensing officer"-

- (a) in relation to a licence, means a Director, a Deputy Director or an Assistant Director; and
- (b) in relation to a permit or special permit, means the Director General;

"enforcement officer" means-

- (a) any officer;
- (b) any police officer not below the rank of Inspector as provided for in the Police Act 1967 [Act 344];
- (c) any proper officer of customs as defined in section 2 of the Customs Act 1967 [Act 235]; and
- (d) any public officer authorized under section 90;

"commercial captive breeding" means breeding of wildlife in a controlled environment of parents that mated or otherwise transmitted their gametes in a controlled environment for commercial purposes;

"licensed hunter" means a person who is granted a licence to hunt any protected wildlife under this Act;

"birds' nest collector" means a person who is granted a licence to collect birds' nest under this Act;

"conveyance" means any vehicle, vessel, ship, aircraft and any other mode of transport whether by air, sea or land;

"Director" means the Director for Wildlife and National Parks:

"licensed dealer" means a person who is granted a licence to carry on the business of dealing under this Act;

"Assistant Director" means an Assistant Director for Wildlife and National Parks:

"permit" means a permit granted under this Act;

"special permit" means a special permit granted under this Act;

"taxidermy business" means a business involving the carrying out of the following activities:

- (a) preparing, preserving, stuffing or mounting any wildlife or any part or derivative of any wildlife; or
- (b) manufacturing or creating an article or thing from any wildlife or any part or derivative of any wildlife;

"controlled environment" includes an environment that is manipulated for the purpose of producing specimen of a particular species of wildlife that has boundaries designed to prevent the wildlife, eggs or gametes of the wildlife from entering or leaving that particular environment, and the general characteristics of which may include but are not limited to artificial housing, waste removal, health care, protection from predators, and artificially supplied food;

"premises" includes any house, building, hut, shed, structure, platform and land whether or not enclosed or built upon;

"poison" means any of the substances which are poisonous to any wildlife as specified in the Fourth Schedule or any other substances which are certified by a Government chemist to be poisonous to any wildlife;

"Ranger" means a Ranger for Wildlife and National Parks;

"wildlife reserve" means an area declared under Part V as a wildlife reserve;

"nest" means any abode, den or any other structure which is being constructed or is being used by any wildlife for—

- (a) procreation;
- (b) the laying of eggs;
- (c) the incubation of eggs;
- (d) the protection of eggs or immature offspring; or
- (e) the nurture of immature offspring;

"arms" has the meaning assigned to it in the Arms Act 1960 [Act 206];

"controlled species" means any species specified in the Fifth Schedule which poses a risk to the health or safety of any person or poses a risk to property, wildlife or wildlife habitat;

"State land" means a State land within the meaning of the National Land Code [Act 56/1965];

"Deputy Director General" means a Deputy Director General for Wildlife and National Parks:

"Deputy Director" means a Deputy Director for Wildlife and National Parks;

"bait" includes any sound equipment or audio-visual device, lamp, salt or sulphur used for the purpose of trapping any wildlife;

"poisoned bait" means any bait attractive to any wildlife which is coated with, immersed in, powdered with or otherwise impregnated with, poison;

"business of dealing" means a business involving the carrying out of the following activities:

- (a) selling any protected wildlife or any part or derivative of any protected wildlife as food or for medicinal purposes;
- (b) selling or purchasing for resale any part or derivative of any protected wildlife; or
- (c) housing, confining or breeding any wildlife for sale.

PART II

APPOINTMENT OF OFFICERS, ETC.

Appointment of officers, etc.

4. (1) There shall be appointed a Director General, such number of Deputies Director General, Directors, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors and Rangers as may be necessary for the purpose of this Act.

- (2) The Director General shall have general control of officers appointed under this section.
- (3) Every appointment under this section shall be published in the *Gazette*.
- (4) All officers appointed under this section shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of the Penal Code [Act 574].
- (5) The Director General and Deputies Director General shall have all the powers and discretions vested in the Director by this Act.

Delegation of powers

- **5.** (1) The Director General may, in writing, delegate any of the powers or duties assigned to him under this Act to any officer, subject to such terms and conditions as he thinks fit.
- (2) A delegation under this section shall not preclude the Director General himself from performing or exercising at any time any of the powers or duties so delegated.

Power of Minister to give directions

6. The Minister may give general directions to the Director General consistent with this Act as to the exercise of the powers conferred on, or the duties to be discharged by, the Director General or any other officer.

Power of the Director General to issue orders

7. The Director General may issue administrative orders, consistent with the provisions of this Act, in respect of the general control, training, duties and responsibilities of officers and for such other matters as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act.

Carrying and use of arms

8. Subject to the administrative orders of the Director General, an officer may carry and use arms in the exercise of the powers and duties under this Act.

PART III

LICENSING PROVISIONS

Chapter 1

Requirement for licence, etc.

Requirement for licence

- 9. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, no person shall—
 - (a) hunt or keep any protected wildlife;
 - (b) take or keep any part or derivative of any protected wildlife;
 - (c) collect birds' nests;
 - (d) carry on the business of dealing;
 - (e) carry on the taxidermy business;
 - (f) import, export or re-export any protected wildlife or any part or derivative of any protected wildlife,

unless he holds a licence granted under this Act.

- (2) For the purpose of paragraph (1)(d), a separate licence is required for each activity of dealing.
- (3) A person who intends to carry on the business of dealing or taxidermy business at more than one place of business shall apply for a separate licence for each of the place of business.

Requirement for permit

- 10. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, no person shall—
 - (a) operate a zoo;

- (b) operate a commercial captive breeding;
- (c) operate a circus or wildlife exhibition;
- (d) carry out research or study on any protected wildlife,

unless he holds a permit granted under this Act.

(2) Where the zoo, commercial captive breeding, circus or wildlife exhibition operation involves any totally protected wildlife, the person shall obtain a special permit pursuant to section 11 in respect of the totally protected wildlife.

Requirement for special permit

- 11. Subject to the provisions of this Act, no person shall—
 - (a) hunt or keep any totally protected wildlife or take or keep any part or derivative of any totally protected wildlife;
 - (b) import, export or re-export any totally protected wildlife or any part or derivative of any totally protected wildlife;
 - (c) hunt any protected wildlife during the close season;
 - (d) carry on research or study on any totally protected wildlife;
 - (e) use any totally protected wildlife for his zoo, circus or wildlife exhibition operation or commercial captive breeding,

unless he holds a special permit granted under this Act.

Chapter 2

Application for licence, etc.

Application for licence, etc.

12. (1) A person may apply for a licence or permit to be granted to him by submitting to the licensing officer an application in such form and manner as determined by the Director General.

- (2) A person may apply for a special permit to be granted to him by submitting a written application to the licensing officer stating the grounds for making the application.
- (3) An application under this section may be withdrawn at any time before it is approved or refused.

Additional information or document

- 13. (1) The licensing officer may, at any time after the receipt of an application under section 12, request the applicant to give to the licensing officer, within the period specified in the request, additional information or document on the application.
- (2) If the additional information or document required under subsection (1) is not provided by the applicant within the period specified in the request or any extension of time granted by the licensing officer, the application shall be deemed to be withdrawn and shall not be further proceeded with, but without affecting the right of the applicant to make a fresh application.

Grant of licence, etc.

- **14.** (1) The licensing officer may, after considering the application made under section 12, approve or refuse the application.
- (2) In the case of an application for a special permit, the licensing officer may approve the application only after obtaining the approval of the Minister.
- (3) Where an application for a licence, permit or special permit is approved, the licence, permit or special permit shall be granted upon payment of the prescribed fee.
- (4) A licence, permit or special permit may be granted subject to such conditions or restrictions as the licensing officer thinks fit to impose.
- (5) The decision of the licensing officer to grant or not to grant a licence, permit or special permit shall be communicated to the applicant by notice in writing as soon as practicable.

Power to impose additional conditions and to vary or revoke conditions

- 15. (1) The licensing officer may at any time—
 - (a) impose any additional conditions on the licence, permit or special permit; or
 - (b) vary or revoke any conditions imposed on the licence, permit or special permit.
- (2) Where the licensing officer intends to take action under subsection (1), he shall give the holder of a licence, permit or special permit a written notice of his intention to do so and an opportunity to make written representations within the period specified in the written notice.
- (3) After the expiry of the period specified in the notice, and after considering any representation made by the holder of a licence, permit or special permit, the licensing officer shall decide whether to impose, vary or revoke any condition under subsection (1).
- (4) The licensing officer shall give the holder of a licence, permit or special permit a written notice of his decision under subsection (3) as soon as practicable and the decision shall take effect on a date to be specified in the written notice.

Validity of licence, etc.

16. A licence, permit or special permit, unless sooner suspended or revoked, shall be valid for such period as may be specified in the licence, permit or special permit.

Carrying or displaying licence, etc.

- 17. (1) A holder of a licence, permit or special permit shall, as the case may be—
 - (a) carry the licence or special permit while hunting any wildlife or taking any part or derivative of any wildlife;
 - (b) display the licence at a conspicuous place at his place of business, if he is a licensed dealer or licensed taxidermist; or

- (c) on demand by an officer, produce the licence, permit or special permit for inspection.
- (2) Any person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding ten thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both.

Change of particulars

18. A holder of a licence, permit or special permit shall, when there is any change of any particulars recorded in his licence, permit or special permit, immediately inform the licensing officer of such change.

Loss of licence, etc.

- **19.** Where a licence, permit or special permit is lost, the holder of the licence, permit or special permit shall—
 - (a) immediately lodge a police report of the loss;
 - (b) immediately inform the licensing officer of the loss; and
 - (c) stop any activity authorized under the licence, permit or special permit until he obtains a copy of the licence, permit or special permit under section 20.

Replacement of licence, etc.

- **20.** (1) Where a licence, permit or special permit is lost, defaced or damaged, the holder of the licence, permit or special permit may apply for a copy of the licence, permit or special permit from the licensing officer and the application shall be accompanied with a prescribed fee and—
 - (a) in the case of a lost licence, permit or special permit, a copy of the police report pertaining to the loss; or
 - (b) in the case of a defaced or damaged licence, permit or special permit, the original licence, permit or special permit.

- (2) The licensing officer may approve or refuse the application under subsection (1).
- (3) Where the licensing officer approves the application, he shall issue a copy of the licence, permit or special permit with the word "DUPLICATE" endorsed on the copy of the licence, permit or special permit.

Assignment of licence, etc.

- **21.** (1) A holder of a licence, permit or special permit shall not assign any right, duty, liability or obligation under his licence, permit or special permit to any other person.
- (2) Any person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding ten thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both.

Return of licence, etc., upon expiry

- 22. (1) A holder of a licence, permit or special permit shall return his licence, permit or special permit to the licensing officer within fourteen days after the date of its expiry.
- (2) Any person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding ten thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both.

Suspension or revocation of licence, etc.

- 23. (1) Subject to subsection (2), a licensing officer may suspend or revoke a licence, permit or special permit if he is satisfied that—
 - (a) the holder of the licence, permit or special permit has breached any conditions specified in the licence, permit or special permit;
 - (b) the holder of the licence, permit or special permit has failed to comply with any provisions of this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation;

- (c) the holder of the licence, permit or special permit has been convicted of an offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation; or
- (d) the granting of the licence, permit or special permit was induced by a false representation of fact by or on behalf of the holder of licence, permit or special permit.
- (2) The licensing officer shall not suspend or revoke the licence, permit or special permit unless the licensing officer is satisfied, after giving the holder of the licence, permit or special permit an opportunity of making any representation in writing he may wish to make, that the licence, permit or special permit should be suspended or revoked.
- (3) Where a licence, permit or special permit is suspended or revoked, it shall have no effect during the period of suspension or from the date of revocation, as the case may be.
- (4) Where a licence, permit or special permit is revoked under subsection (1), the holder of the licence, permit or special permit shall immediately surrender the licence, permit or special permit to the licensing officer.
- (5) The decision of the licensing officer to suspend or revoke a licence, permit or special permit or not to suspend or revoke a licence, permit or special permit shall be communicated to the holder of the licence, permit or special permit by notice in writing as soon as practicable.

Licence, etc., to be void

24. Any licence, permit or special permit granted in contravention of the provisions of this Act shall be void.

Appeals

- 25. (1) A person who is aggrieved—
 - (a) by the refusal of the licensing officer to grant a licence, permit or special permit; or

(b) by the suspension or revocation of his licence, permit or special permit,

may, within thirty days after being informed in writing of the refusal, suspension or revocation, appeal in writing against such decision to the Minister.

(2) The Minister may, after considering an appeal made under subsection (1), confirm or set aside the decision appealed against, and the decision of the Minister shall be final.

Chapter 3

Miscellaneous

Hunting by means of shooting

26. A licence or special permit to hunt any wildlife by means of shooting shall only be granted if the person applying for the licence or special permit holds an arms licence issued under the Arms Act 1960 and the arms licence is produced when applying for the licence or special permit.

No licence during close season

27. Save as provided in section 11, no licence shall be granted to hunt any protected wildlife during close season.

Prerequisites to operate zoo, etc.

- 28. The licensing officer shall not grant a permit to operate a zoo, commercial captive breeding, circus or wildlife exhibition, unless he is satisfied that—
 - (a) the establishment or continuity of the establishment of the zoo, commercial captive breeding, circus or wildlife exhibition will not bring ill effects to the health or safety of any person or community in the surrounding area;
 - (b) there is prepared an emergency plan relating to plague, natural disaster and accidental release of any wildlife; and

(c) the person has never been previously convicted of an offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation or any other written law related to cruelty to animals.

Prohibition of possessing, etc., snares

- **29.** (1) No person shall—
 - (a) possess or keep any snare; or
 - (b) set, place or use any snare for the purpose of hunting any wildlife.
- (2) Any person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction—
 - (a) in relation to an offence under paragraph (a), be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or to both; and
 - (b) in relation to an offence under paragraph (b), be liable to a fine of not less than fifty thousand ringgit and not more than one hundred thousand ringgit and to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years.

Offspring of totally protected wildlife be deemed protected wildlife

30. An offspring of a totally protected wildlife which is bred in captivity for commercial purposes shall be deemed a protected wildlife and shall be subject to a licence or permit, as the case may be.

Barred from holding licence, etc.

31. Where a person has been convicted of an offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation, he may be barred from holding any licence, permit or special permit for a period not exceeding five years commencing on the date when the proceedings in respect of the conviction is finally concluded.

Limitation on granting licence or permit

- **32.** (1) The licensing officer may grant licences or permits according to the prescribed quota.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), the licensing officer with the approval of the Minister may, from time to time, grant licences or permits in addition to the prescribed quota.

Registers

33. The Director General shall keep and maintain registers of licences, permits and special permits granted under this Act.

Power of Director General to prescribe rules

34. The Director General may, by rules published in the *Gazette*, prescribe the methods and means of disposal, disease control or quarantine of, any wildlife, to be complied with by an operator of a zoo, commercial captive breeding, circus or wildlife exhibition.

Power of Director General to prescribe conditions

- **35.** The Director General may, with the approval of the Minister, by order published in the *Gazette*, prescribe conditions with respect to the granting of licences, permits and special permits and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing may in particular prescribe—
 - (a) the open season and close season in respect of protected wildlife:
 - (b) the number of—
 - (i) wildlife which may be hunted; and
 - (ii) part or derivative of wildlife which may be taken;
 - (c) the methods or means by which any wildlife may be hunted, including the type of arm or trap to be used;

- (d) the times during which, and the places where, any wildlife may be hunted, or the nest or egg of any wildlife may be taken;
- (e) the quota of licences and permits to be granted for—
 - (i) each of the activities specified under sections 9 and 10;
 - (ii) each year or open season; and
 - (iii) each State, in respect of each protected wildlife or any part or derivative of wildlife; and
- (f) the standard of maturity of wildlife which may be hunted.

PART IV

DUTIES AND OBLIGATIONS OF LICENSED HUNTER, ETC.

Licensed hunter to record certain particulars

- **36.** (1) A licensed hunter who hunts any protected wildlife or a holder of a special permit who hunts any totally protected wildlife, where applicable, shall record in the appropriate space provided in the licence or special permit—
 - (a) the number, sex and species of the wildlife which was hunted:
 - (b) the date on which, and the locality in which, the wildlife was hunted;
 - (c) the methods or means by which the wildlife was hunted; and
 - (d) the methods and date of disposal, including the licence, permit or special permit number of the purchaser should the wildlife be sold.
- (2) Any licensed hunter who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding ten thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both.

Licensed dealer to keep record

- **37.** (1) A licensed dealer shall keep and maintain a record consisting of the following particulars:
 - (a) the number and species of wildlife (live or dead), the number of parts or derivatives of wildlife and the number of articles manufactured from any wildlife or part or derivative of any wildlife, which were purchased, acquired or sold;
 - (b) the name, address and licence number, of the person from whom the wildlife, parts or derivatives of wildlife or articles were purchased or acquired;
 - (c) the name, address and licence number, if any, of the person to whom the wildlife, parts or derivatives of wildlife or articles were sold;
 - (d) the receipt number issued for any sale or purchase; and
 - (e) the date of any purchase, acquisition or sale.
- (2) Any licensed dealer who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding ten thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both.

Licensed taxidermist to keep record

- **38.** (1) A licensed taxidermist shall keep and maintain a record consisting of the following particulars:
 - (a) the date, time and person from whom the wildlife or part or derivative of the wildlife was received;
 - (b) the name, address and licence number of the owner of the wildlife or part or derivative of the wildlife; and
 - (c) the date and time the wildlife or part or derivative of wildlife is returned to the owner.
- (2) Any licensed taxidermist who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding ten thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both.

Receipt of wildlife to be prepared, etc., by licensed taxidermist

- **39.** (1) A licensed taxidermist shall not receive any wildlife or any part or derivative of any wildlife to be prepared, preserved, stuffed or mounted unless the person delivering the wildlife or part or derivative of the wildlife furnishes proof to the licensed taxidermist that the wildlife or part or derivative of the wildlife was lawfully taken or acquired pursuant to this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation.
- (2) Any licensed taxidermist who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding than ten thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both.

Sale of protected wildlife by licensed hunter

- **40.** (1) A licensed hunter shall sell protected wildlife hunted or taken by him only to a licensed dealer or licensed taxidermist.
- (2) Any licensed hunter who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Sale of birds' nest by birds' nest collector

- **41.** (1) A birds' nest collector shall sell birds' nest collected by him only to a licensed dealer or licensed taxidermist.
- (2) Any birds' nest collector who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Purchase of protected wildlife by licensed dealer or licensed taxidermist

42. (1) A licensed dealer or licensed taxidermist shall purchase or acquire protected wildlife or any part or derivative of protected

wildlife only from a licensed hunter, licensed dealer, licensed taxidermist, or the Director where it is sold by the Director pursuant to this Act.

(2) Any licensed dealer or licensed taxidermist who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Period during which wildlife may be sold by licensed dealer

- **43.** (1) A licensed dealer may sell any protected wildlife during open season until the first thirty days of the close season and shall not henceforth sell the protected wildlife unless an open season is subsequently declared for the protected wildlife.
- (2) Any licensed dealer who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Issue of receipt

- **44.** (1) A licensed dealer, licensed taxidermist and birds' nest collector shall, at the time of each sale, issue a receipt of sale to the purchaser.
- (2) Any licensed dealer, licensed taxidermist or birds' nest collector who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding ten thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both.

Wildlife tagging

- **45.** (1) A holder of a licence, permit or special permit who keeps, sells, imports, exports, re-export or breeds any wildlife, as the case may be, shall tag or label such wildlife in the following manner:
 - (a) implantation of a scannable device in the wildlife;

- (b) placement of a band on any part of the wildlife;
- (c) placement, whether by piercing or otherwise, of a tattoo or ring on any part of the wildlife; or
- (d) labelling or marking of a container in which the wildlife is kept.
- (2) The tagging or labelling referred to in paragraphs (1)(a) to (c) shall only be performed by a person who is registered with the Director General to do so.
- (3) Any person who contravenes this section commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Keeping wildlife at other premises

- **46.** (1) A holder of a licence, permit or special permit who intends to keep his wildlife at any premises other than the premises specified in his licence, permit or special permit shall first obtain an approval from the licensing officer.
- (2) Any person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

PART V

WILDLIFE RESERVES AND WILDLIFE SANCTUARIES

Declaration of wildlife reserves and wildlife sanctuaries

- **47.** The State Authority may, after consultation with the Minister, from time to time by notification in the *Gazette*
 - (a) declare any State land to be a wildlife reserve or a wildlife sanctuary and designate the officer for the time being having the control of such reserve or sanctuary;
 - (b) define and alter the boundaries of the wildlife reserve or the wildlife sanctuary;

(c) in the case of a wildlife reserve, specify certain animals and birds (which are not wildlife according to this Act) as totally protected wildlife or protected wildlife (as the case may require) which shall be in addition to the lists of any wildlife specified in the Schedules to this Act.

Permits to enter wildlife reserves and wildlife sanctuaries

- **48.** (1) No person shall enter a wildlife reserve or a wildlife sanctuary unless he first obtains a written permit from the Director authorizing him to do so.
- (2) No person shall be granted a written permit authorizing him to enter a wildlife reserve or a wildlife sanctuary unless he satisfies the Director by way of a written application that he intends to enter the wildlife reserve or wildlife sanctuary for the purposes of art, science or recreation.
- (3) A written permit granted under this Part shall specify the period during which the holder of the permit is authorized to enter the wildlife reserve or the wildlife sanctuary, which period shall not exceed one month but may be renewed for periods of up to one month at a time.
- (4) Where a person permitted to enter a wildlife reserve or a wildlife sanctuary enters the wildlife reserve or the wildlife sanctuary, he may be required to be accompanied by a Director or by any other officer.

Prohibition of certain acts in wildlife reserves and wildlife sanctuaries

- 49. No person shall—
 - (a) in a wildlife reserve, disturb, cut, remove or take any soil, timber or vegetation;
 - (b) in a wildlife sanctuary—
 - (i) hunt any animal or bird;
 - (ii) take, disturb, damage or destroy the nest or egg of any animal or bird; or
 - (iii) disturb, cut, remove or take any soil, timber or vegetation.

PART VI

GENERAL EXCEPTIONS AND PRESUMPTIONS

Hunting, etc., for the purpose of conservation

- **50.** (1) Notwithstanding anything in this Act, for the purpose of carrying any conservation activity, the Director General or any officer authorized by him may breed, keep, hunt, import, export, sell or purchase any wildlife.
- (2) "A conservation activity" means an activity that relates to the protection, management and sustainable use of wildlife.

Aborigine may hunt certain wildlife

- **51.** (1) Notwithstanding anything in this Act, an aborigine may hunt any protected wildlife as specified in the Sixth Schedule for his sustenance or the sustenance of his family members.
- (2) Any protected wildlife hunted under subsection (1) shall not be sold or exchanged for food, monetary gains or any other thing.
- (3) Any aborigine who contravenes this section commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding ten thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both.

Officers may hunt wildlife

- **52.** Notwithstanding anything in this Act, an officer acting in good faith in the exercise of his powers under this Act may hunt any wildlife if—
 - (a) the wildlife is a danger to human life or property; or
 - (b) it is necessary or expedient to prevent undue suffering on the part of the wildlife.

Owner or occupier of land may use birdlime to destroy grain-eating birds

- **53.** (1) Notwithstanding anything in this Act, an owner or occupier of land may, with the written approval of the Director, use birdlime for the good faith destruction of grain-eating birds found damaging or destroying growing cereals during the period when the crop is ripe or ripening.
- (2) The Director may, when giving his approval under this section, give directions—
 - (a) as to the setting of the birdlime; and
 - (b) as to the adequate supervision and control over the use of the birdlime.
- (3) An owner or occupier of land authorized to use birdlime shall comply with the directions under subsection (2).
- (4) The owner or occupier of land shall, when the crop is reaped, destroy any birdlime and any container, stick or other material upon which birdlime has been used.
- (5) An owner or occupier of land who contravenes this section commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding ten thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both.

Capturing or killing of wildlife for protection of crops

- **54.** (1) Notwithstanding anything in this Act, where any wildlife is causing, or there is reason to believe that it is about to cause, serious damage to crops, vegetables, fruits, growing timber, domestic fowls or domestic animals in the possession of an owner or occupier of land, the owner or occupier or any servant of the owner or occupier or any officer may capture or kill the wildlife after first using reasonable efforts to frighten away the wildlife and failing to do so.
- (2) Where any wildlife has caused serious damage under subsection (1) but has ceased to do so, it shall not be captured or killed.

- (3) The owner or occupier of land shall, without unnecessary delay, report to any officer the details of the occurrence, including the species of the wildlife, the damage and weapon which has been used (if any) and whether the wildlife has been captured or killed.
- (4) Any owner or occupier of land or servant of owner or occupier of land who contravenes this section commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding ten thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both.
- (5) Any wildlife captured or killed under this section shall be the property of the State and shall without delay be handed to an officer.

Wildlife which is an immediate danger to human life may be killed

- **55.** (1) Notwithstanding anything in this Act, any person may kill any wildlife if the wildlife constitutes an immediate danger to human life.
- (2) Where the immediate danger to human life is a result of provocation or wounding of the wildlife by the person who kills the wildlife, the person shall be absolved from guilt only in respect of killing the wildlife but he may be charged in respect of such provocation or wounding under section 88.
- (3) Any person who kills any wildlife pursuant to this section shall, without unnecessary delay, report to any officer the details of the occurrence, including the species of the wildlife which has been killed and the weapon which has been used.
- (4) Any person who contravenes subsection (3) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding ten thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both.
- (5) Any wildlife killed under this section shall be the property of the State and shall without delay be handed to any officer.

Presumption of attempting to hunt if decoy is used

56. Where any person is found setting, placing, using or is otherwise in possession of any animal or bird, wild or otherwise, in such circumstances that there is reason to suspect that the person is using the animal or bird as decoy or bait for the purpose of attracting any wildlife, it shall be presumed that the person is attempting to hunt any wildlife.

Presumption of using snare

57. Where a person is found in possession of a snare, it shall be presumed that the snare is being used by the person for the purpose of hunting any wildlife.

Presumption against occupier

- **58.** (1) Where any wildlife or any part or derivative of any wildlife or snare is found in any premises, it shall be presumed that the occupier of the premises is in possession of the wildlife or part or derivative of the wildlife or snare.
- (2) Where there is more than one occupier in the premises, the occupier of the portion in which the wildlife or part or derivative of wildlife or snare is found shall be presumed to be the occupier for the purpose of subsection (1).

Presumptive evidence

59. Where the Director General or any person certified in writing by him to have special knowledge or skill in wildlife testifies in court under oath that any thing or object, as the case may be, is a wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, wildlife's flesh, trophy, spring gun, sharpened stake, pit, drop spear, snare, bait or poisoned bait, it shall be presumed until the contrary is proven that the thing or object, as the case may be, is a wildlife or part or derivative of any wildlife, wildlife's flesh, trophy, spring gun, sharpened stake, pit, drop spear, snare, bait or poisoned bait.

PART VII

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

Chapter 1

Offences relating to licence

Hunting, etc., protected wildlife without licence

- **60.** (1) Subject to subsection (2), any person who—
 - (a) hunts or keeps any protected wildlife (other than immature protected wildlife or the female of a protected wildlife); or
 - (b) takes or keeps any part or derivative of any protected wildlife,

without a licence commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both.

(2) Any person who commits an offence under subsection (1) and which offence involves Common Shama (Copsychus malabaricus), Oriental White Eye (Zosterops palpebrosa) or Hill Myna (Gracula religiosa), exceeding twenty heads, shall, on conviction, be punished with a fine of not less than twenty thousand ringgit and not more than fifty thousand ringgit or with imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or to both.

Hunting, etc., immature protected wildlife without licence

61. Any person who hunts or keeps an immature protected wildlife without a licence commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years or to both.

Hunting, etc., female of protected wildlife without licence

62. Any person who hunts or keeps the female of a protected wildlife without a licence commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years or to both.

Carrying out business of dealing, etc., without licence

63. Any person who carries out business of dealing or taxidermy business without a licence commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both.

Collecting birds' nests without licence

64. Any person who collects birds' nests without a licence commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine of not less than twenty thousand ringgit and not more than fifty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both.

Importing, etc., protected wildlife without licence

65. Any person who imports, exports or re-exports any protected wildlife or any part or derivative of a protected wildlife without a licence commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine of not less than twenty thousand ringgit and not more than fifty thousand ringgit and to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year.

Chapter 2

Offences relating to permit

Operating zoo, etc., without permit

66. Any person who operates a zoo, commercial captive breeding, circus or wildlife exhibition without a permit commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding seventy thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or to both.

Carrying out research or study without permit

67. Any person who carries out a research or study on any protected wildlife without a permit commits an offence and shall,

on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both.

Chapter 3

Offences relating to special permit

Hunting, etc., totally protected wildlife without special permit

- **68.** (1) Subject to subsection (2), any person who—
 - (a) hunts or keeps any totally protected wildlife (other than an immature totally protected wildlife or the female of a totally protected wildlife); or
 - (b) takes or keeps any part or derivative of a totally protected wildlife.

without a special permit commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or to both.

- (2) Any person who commits an offence under subsection (1) and which offence involves—
 - (a) Pangolin (Manis javanica), Blood Python (Python brongersmai), Harlequin Monitor (Varanus rudicollis), Dumeril's Monitor (Varanus dumerilli) or Clouded Monitor (Varanus bengalensis), exceeding twenty heads, shall, on conviction, be punished with a fine of not less than fifty thousand ringgit and not more than one hundred thousand ringgit or with imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or to both;
 - (b) Crested Argus (Rheinardia ocellata), Mountain Peacock Pheasant (Polyplectron inopinatum), Great Argus (Argusianus argus), Green Peafowl (Pavo muticus), Straw-headed Bulbul (Pycnonotus zeylanicus), Rhinoceros Hornbill (Buceros rhinoceros), Great Hornbill (Buceros bicornis), Plain-pouched Hornbill (Aceros subruficollis) or Helmeted Hornbill (Rhynoplax vigil) shall, on conviction, be punished with a fine of not less than thirty thousand ringgit and not more than one hundred thousand ringgit and with imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years; or

(c) Serow (Capricornis sumatrensis), Gaur (Bos gaurus), Javan Rhinoceros (Rhinoceros sondaicus), Sumatran Rhinoceros (Dicerorhinus sumatrensis), Tiger (Panthera tigris), Leopard (Panthera pardus), Clouded Leopard (Neofelis nebulosa) or False Gharial (Tomistoma schlegelii) shall, on conviction, be punished with a fine of not less than one hundred thousand ringgit and not more than five hundred thousand ringgit and with imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years.

Hunting, etc., immature totally protected wildlife without special permit

- **69.** (1) Subject to subsection (2), any person who hunts or keeps any immature totally protected wildlife without a special permit commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding ten years or to both.
- (2) Any person who commits an offence under subsection (1) and which offence involves wildlife specified in paragraph 68(2)(c), shall, on conviction, be punished with a fine of not less than one hundred and fifty thousand ringgit and not more than five hundred thousand ringgit and with imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years.

Hunting, etc., female of totally protected wildlife without special permit

- **70.** (1) Subject to subsection (2), any person who hunts or keeps the female of a totally protected wildlife without a special permit commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding three hundred thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding ten years or to both.
- (2) Any person who commits an offence under subsection (1) and which offence involves wildlife specified in paragraph 68(2) (c), shall, on conviction, be punished with a fine of not less than two hundred thousand ringgit and not more than five hundred thousand ringgit and with imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years.

Importing, etc., totally protected wildlife without special permit

71. Any person who imports, exports or re-exports any totally protected wildlife or any part or derivative of a totally protected wildlife without a special permit commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine of not less than thirty thousand ringgit and not more than one hundred thousand ringgit and to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years.

Using, etc., totally protected wildlife without special permit

- 72. (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), any person who—
 - (a) uses any totally protected wildlife for his zoo, circus or wildlife exhibition operation; or
 - (b) uses any totally protected wildlife for his commercial captive breeding operation,

without a special permit commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or to both.

- (2) Any person who commits an offence under subsection (1), and which offence involves wildlife specified in paragraph 68(2)(b), shall, on conviction, be punished with a fine of not less than thirty thousand ringgit and not more than one hundred thousand ringgit and with imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years.
- (3) Any person who commits an offence under subsection (1) and which offence involves wildlife specified in paragraph 68(2)(c), shall, on conviction, be punished with a fine of not less than one hundred thousand and not more than five hundred thousand ringgit and with imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years.

Carrying out research or study without special permit

73. Any person who carries out research or study on any totally protected wildlife without a special permit commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding seventy thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or to both.

Chapter 4

Miscellaneous

Damaging, etc., nest or egg of protected wildlife

74. Any person who damages or destroys the nest or egg of a protected wildlife commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Damaging, etc., nest or egg of totally protected wildlife

75. Any person who damages or destroys the nest or egg of a totally protected wildlife commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both.

Hunting, etc., wildlife in wildlife reserve or wildlife sanctuary

- **76.** Any person who, whether he is a holder of a licence or special permit or otherwise—
 - (a) hunts any wildlife; or
 - (b) takes, destroys or damages the nest or egg of any wildlife,

in a wildlife reserve or a wildlife sanctuary commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both.

Hunting wildlife during prohibited hours

77. Any person who, whether he is a licensed hunter, holder of a special permit or otherwise, hunts any wildlife other than during the hours prescribed commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding thirty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Hunting protected wildlife during close season

78. Any person who, whether is a licensed hunter or otherwise, hunts any protected wildlife during the close season commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Hunting wildlife with poison, etc.

- **79.** (1) Any person who, whether he is a licensed hunter, a holder of a special permit or otherwise, sets, places or uses any poison, bait, poisoned bait, birdlime or net for the purpose of hunting any wildlife commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both.
- (2) This section shall not apply to any public officer who places or uses any poison in the course of his official duties for the purpose of destroying agricultural pest or noxious vegetation subject to the supervision of the Director as to the setting or use of the poison

Hunting wildlife with arms or traps other than prescribed

80. Any person, whether he is a licensed hunter, a holder of a special permit or otherwise, who hunts any wildlife with any arms or traps other than prescribed commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Hunting, etc., wildlife within four hundred metres of salt lick

- **81.** Any person, whether he is a licensed hunter, a holder of a special permit or otherwise, who—
 - (a) hunts any wildlife within four hundred metres of a salt lick;
 - (b) is in possession of any arms, bow and arrow, blowpipe, spear, catapult or any other article, which is capable of being used in hunting any wildlife within four hundred metres of a salt lick; or

(c) waits in any place, builds any platform or shelter or sets or places any trap, poison, poisoned bait, birdlime or net for the purpose of hunting any wildlife within four hundred meters of a salt lick or within any access road to a salt lick,

commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both.

Hunting wildlife from conveyance

82. Any person, whether he is a licensed hunter, a holder of a special permit or otherwise, who hunts any wildlife from any conveyance commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding thirty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Possession of licence, etc., bearing other's name

83. Any person who, without any reasonable cause, is in possession of, or is found to have in his premises, another person's licence, permit or special permit, commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Licence, etc., kept at different address

84. A holder of a licence, permit or special permit who, without any reasonable cause, keeps his licence, permit or special permit at an address other than the address stated in his licence, permit or special permit, commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Disturbing salt lick or its vicinity

- **85.** (1) Save as otherwise provided in this section, any person who disturbs—
 - (a) any salt lick; or

(b) the land in the immediate vicinity of any salt lick, which land if disturbed would render the salt lick unattractive or unsafe to any wildlife,

commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both.

- (2) For the purposes of this section, "disturb" includes to remove or agitate any soil, mineral, water, tree, shrubs, undergrowth or other vegetation in or on the salt lick or in or on the land in the immediate vicinity of the salt lick.
 - (3) This section shall not apply to—
 - (a) the Federal Government; or
 - (b) any State Government,

acting, as the case may require, in pursuance of any rural development scheme, urban development scheme, forestry management scheme or industrial undertaking.

Cruelty to wildlife

- **86.** (1) Save as otherwise provided in this section, any person who—
 - (a) beats, kicks, infuriates, terrifies, tortures, declaws or defangs any wildlife;
 - (b) neglects to supply sufficient food or water to any wildlife which he houses, confines or breeds;
 - (c) keeps, houses, confines or breeds any wildlife in such manner so as to cause it unnecessary pain or suffering including the housing, confining or breeding of any wildlife in any premises which is not suitable for or conducive to the comfort or health of the wildlife;
 - (d) uses any wildlife for performing or assisting in the performance of any work or labour which by reason of any infirmity, wound, disease or any other incapacity it is unfit to perform;
 - (e) uses, provokes or infuriates any wildlife for the purpose of baiting it or for fighting with any other wildlife or animal, or manages any premises or place for any of these purposes; or

(f) wilfully does or wilfully omits to do anything which causes any unnecessary suffering, pain or discomfort to any wildlife,

commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine of not less than five thousand ringgit and not more than fifty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

(2) This section shall not apply to any person who wounds any wildlife in the course of lawfully hunting it under this Act.

Things containing derivative of totally protected wildlife

87. Any person who sells any thing which contains or is claimed to contain any derivative of any totally protected wildlife commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Provocation of wildlife

88. Any person who provokes or wounds any wildlife which consequently becomes an immediate danger to human life commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding thirty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

PART VIII

POWERS RELATING TO ENFORCEMENT

Offences under Act to be seizable offences

89. Every offence under this Act shall be a seizable offence for the purposes of the Criminal Procedure Code [Act 593].

Authorization of public officer

90. The Director General may, in writing, authorize any public officer to exercise the powers of enforcement under this Act.

Authority card

- **91.** (1) The Director General shall issue to each enforcement officer and public officer authorized under section 90 an authority card which shall be signed by the Director General.
- (2) Whenever such officer exercises any of the powers under this Act, he shall, on demand, produce to the person against whom the power is being exercised the authority card issued to him under subsection (1).

Power of investigation

- **92.** (1) An enforcement officer shall have all the powers to detect and investigate the commission of any offence or suspected offence under this Act.
- (2) For the avoidance of doubt, it is declared that for the purposes of this Act, an enforcement officer shall have all or any of the powers of a police officer of whatever rank in relation to police investigations in seizable cases as provided for under the Criminal Procedure Code, and such powers shall be in addition to the powers provided for under this Act and not in derogation thereof.

Power of arrest

- **93.** (1) An enforcement officer may arrest without warrant any person whom he reasonably believes has committed or is attempting to commit an offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation.
- (2) An enforcement officer making an arrest under subsection (1) shall, without unnecessary delay, bring the person arrested to the nearest police station, and thereafter the person shall be dealt in accordance with the law relating to criminal procedure for the time being in force.

Search and seizure with warrant

94. (1) If it appears to a Magistrate, upon written information on oath from an enforcement officer and after such inquiry as

the Magistrate considers necessary, that there is reasonable cause to believe that—

- (a) any premises has been used; or
- (b) there is in any premises evidence necessary to the conduct of an investigation into,

the commission of an offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation, the Magistrate may issue a warrant authorizing the enforcement officer named in the warrant, at any reasonable time by day or by night and with or without assistance, to enter the premises and if need be by force.

- (2) Without affecting the generality of subsection (1), a warrant issued by the Magistrate may authorize the enforcement officer to—
 - (a) search the premises for, and to seize or remove from the premises, any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing that is reasonably believed to furnish evidence of the commission of such offence;
 - (b) take samples of any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife or thing found in the premises for the purposes of ascertaining, by testing or otherwise, whether the offence has been committed; and
 - (c) make copies of or take extracts from any book, record, document or thing found in the premises.
- (3) An enforcement officer entering any premises under this section may take with him such other person and equipment as may appear to him to be necessary.
- (4) An enforcement officer conducting a search under subsection (1) may, for the purpose of investigating into the offence, search any person who is in or on the premises.
- (5) An enforcement officer making a search of person under subsection (4) or section 95 may seize or take possession of, and place in safe custody all things, other than the necessary clothing found upon the person, and any of those things, which there is reason to believe were the instruments or other evidence of the offence may be detained until the discharge or acquittal of the person.

- (6) An enforcement officer may, in the exercise of his powers under this section, if it is necessary so to do—
 - (a) break open any outer or inner door or window of the premises or any fence, enclosure, gate or other obstruction to the premises in order to effect entry into the premises and every part thereof;
 - (b) remove by force any obstruction to entry, search, seizure and removal as he is empowered to effect under this section: and
 - (c) detain any person found in the premises until the search has been completed.
- (7) Where, by reason of its nature, size or amount, it is not practicable to remove any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing seized under this section, the enforcement officer shall, by any means, seal such wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing in the premises or container in which it is found.
- (8) A person who, without lawful authority, breaks, tampers with or damages the seal referred to in subsection (7) or removes the wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing under seal, or attempts to do so commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both.

Search and seizure without warrant

95. If an enforcement officer is satisfied upon information received that he has reasonable cause to believe that by reason of delay in obtaining a search warrant under section 94 the investigation would be adversely affected or evidence of the commission of an offence is likely to be tampered with, removed, damaged or destroyed, the enforcement officer may enter the premises and exercise in, upon and in respect of the premises all the powers referred to in section 94 in as full and ample a manner as if he were authorized to do so by a warrant issued under that section.

Search of person

96. No person shall be searched except by another person of the same gender, and such search shall be conducted with strict regard to decency.

Power to enter land

97. Notwithstanding sections 94 and 95, an enforcement officer may enter without warrant any State land, reserved land, permanent reserved forest, alienated land and mining land for the purpose of preventing or detecting any offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation.

Power to enter premises

- **98.** Notwithstanding sections 94 and 95, an enforcement officer may at any time enter any premises for the purposes of—
 - (a) inspecting any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, conveyance, book, record, document or thing as he considers necessary;
 - (b) verifying the accuracy of records or statements or any information given to an enforcement officer; or
 - (c) collecting samples of any wildlife or part or derivative of any wildlife.

Access to computerized data

- **99.** (1) An enforcement officer conducting a search under this Act shall be given access to computerized data whether stored in a computer or otherwise.
 - (2) For the purposes of this section, "access"—
 - (a) includes being provided with the necessary password, encryption code, decryption code, software or hardware and any other means required to enable comprehension of the computerized data; and
 - (b) has the meaning assigned to it by subsections 2(2) and (5) of the Computer Crimes Act 1997 [Act 563].

Setting up, etc., obstruction on road, etc.

- 100. (1) The Director may, if he suspects that an offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation has been committed, give directions to any enforcement officer to get the assistance of the police to set up or place an obstruction or roadblock on any public road or highway or any public place, for the purpose of stopping any vehicle for examination.
- (2) An enforcement officer who stops any vehicle under subsection (1) may exercise all the powers referred to in section 100.

Power to stop, search and seize conveyance

- 101. (1) If an enforcement officer has reasonable cause to suspect that any conveyance is carrying any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, book, record, document or thing in respect of which an offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation is being or has been committed, he may stop and search the conveyance and may, if on examination he has reasonable cause to believe that such conveyance is or has been used for the commission of such offence, seize such conveyance and any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, book, record, document or thing found in the conveyance that is reasonably believed to furnish evidence of the commission of such offence.
- (2) The person in control or in charge of the conveyance shall, if required to do so by the enforcement officer—
 - (a) stop the conveyance and allow the enforcement officer to search it; and
 - (b) open all parts of the conveyance for search and take all measures necessary to enable or facilitate the carrying out of the search as the enforcement officer considers necessary.
- (3) The enforcement officer may, in the exercise of his powers under this section, if it is necessary so to do, detain any person found in the conveyance until the search has been completed.
- (4) Any person who contravenes subsection (2) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding thirty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Warrant admissible notwithstanding defects

102. A search warrant issued under this Act shall be valid and enforceable notwithstanding any defect, mistake or omission therein or in the application for such warrant, and any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing seized under such warrant shall be admissible in evidence in any proceedings under this Act.

List of things seized

- 103. (1) Where any seizure is made under this Act, the enforcement officer making the seizure shall prepare a list of the wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing seized and of the place in which the wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing is found and shall sign the list.
- (2) The list prepared in accordance with subsection (1) shall be delivered immediately to—
 - (a) the occupier of the premises where the seized wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing is found; or
 - (b) the person in control or in charge of the conveyance where the seizure is made under section 100 or 101.
- (3) Where the seizure is made in or from any premises which is unoccupied, the enforcement officer shall whenever possible post a list of things seized conspicuously at or on the premises.

Temporary return of conveyance

104. (1) Where any conveyance is seized under this Act, the court may temporarily return the conveyance to the owner of the conveyance or the person from whose possession, custody or control it was seized, subject to such terms and conditions as the court may impose, and subject in any case to sufficient security being furnished to the satisfaction of the court that the conveyance shall be surrendered to the court on demand and that such terms and conditions, if any, shall be complied with.

- (2) Where any seized conveyance is temporarily returned under subsection (1), a person who—
 - (a) fails, on demand, to surrender the conveyance to the court; or
 - (b) contravenes any of the terms or conditions imposed under subsection (1),

commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or to both.

Disposal of seized wildlife

- 105. (1) Where an enforcement officer in exercising his powers under this Part seizes any wildlife or part or derivative of any wildlife, he may immediately produce the wildlife or part or derivative of any wildlife before a Magistrate who shall order that the wildlife or part or derivative of any wildlife be released or disposed of.
 - (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), where by reason of—
 - (a) the nature, size or amount of the wildlife or part or derivative of any wildlife; or
 - (b) distance or circumstances,

it is not practicable to bring the wildlife or part or derivative of any wildlife before a Magistrate, the Director may order the wildlife or part or derivative of any wildlife to be released or disposed of as he thinks fit.

Power to require attendance of person acquainted with case

106. (1) The enforcement officer making an investigation under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation may, by order in writing, require the attendance before himself of any person who appears to him to be acquainted with the facts and circumstances of the case, and such person shall attend as required.

(2) If any such person refuses or fails to attend as required by an order made under subsection (1), the enforcement officer may report his refusal or failure to a Magistrate who shall issue a summons to secure the attendance of such person as may be required by the order.

Examination of persons acquainted with case

- **107.** (1) An enforcement officer making an investigation under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation may examine orally any person supposed to be acquainted with the facts and circumstances of the case.
- (2) Such person shall be bound to answer all questions relating to such case put to him by the enforcement officer, but he may refuse to answer any question the answer to which would have a tendency to expose him to a criminal charge or penalty or forfeiture.
- (3) A person making a statement under this section shall be legally bound to state the truth, whether or not such statement is made wholly or partly in answer to questions.
- (4) The enforcement officer examining a person under subsection (1) shall first inform that person of the provisions of subsections (2) and (3).
- (5) A statement made by any person under this section shall, wherever possible, be reduced into writing and signed by the person making it or affixed with his thumb-print, as the case may be, after—
 - (a) it has been read to him in the language in which he made it; and
 - (b) he has been given an opportunity to make any correction he may wish.

Admissibility of statements in evidence

108. (1) Except as provided in this section, no statement made by any person to an enforcement officer in the course of an investigation made under this Act shall be used in evidence.

- (2) When any witness is called for the prosecution or for the defence, other than the accused, the court shall, on the request of the accused or the prosecutor, refer to any statement made by that witness to the enforcement officer in the course of investigation under this Act and may then, if the court thinks fit in the interest of justice, direct the accused to be furnished with a copy of it and the statement may be used to impeach the credit of the witness in the manner provided by the Evidence Act 1950 [Act 56].
- (3) Where the accused had made a statement during the course of an investigation, such statement may be admitted in evidence in support of his defence during the course of the trial.
- (4) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to apply to any statement made in the course of an identification parade or falling within section 27 or paragraphs 32(1)(a), (i) and (j) of the Evidence Act 1950.
- (5) When any person is charged with any offence in relation to—
 - (a) the making; or
 - (b) the contents,

of any statement made by him to an authorized officer in the course of an investigation made under this Act, that statement may be used as evidence in the prosecution's case.

Release of things seized

109. (1) If any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing has been seized under this Act, the enforcement officer who effected the seizure may, after referring to the Public Prosecutor, release the wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing to the person as he determines to be lawfully entitled to it, if the wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing is not liable to forfeiture under this Act, and is not otherwise required for the purpose of any proceedings under this Act or for the purpose of any prosecution under any other written law.

- (2) A record in writing shall be made by the enforcement officer effecting the release of the wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing under subsection (1) specifying in detail the circumstances of and the reason for the release, and he shall send a copy of the record to the Public Prosecutor within seven days of the release.
- (3) For the purpose of this section, the enforcement officer effecting the seizure, the Federal Government or any person acting on behalf of the Federal Government shall not be liable to any proceedings by any person if the seizure and the release of the wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing had been effected in good faith.

Forfeiture of wildlife, etc., seized

- 110. (1) Any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing seized in the exercise of any powers under this Act shall be liable to forfeiture.
- (2) An order for the forfeiture of any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing seized and liable to forfeiture under this Act shall be made by the court before which the prosecution with regard thereto has been held and an order for the forfeiture of the things seized shall be made if it is proved to the satisfaction of the court that an offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation has been committed and that the wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing was the subject matter of or was used in the commission of the offence, even though no person has been convicted of such offence.
- (3) If there is no prosecution with regard to any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing seized under this Act, such wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing shall be taken and deemed to be forfeited at the expiration of a period of one calendar month from the date of service of a notice to the last-known address of the person from

whom the wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing was seized indicating that there is no prosecution in respect of such wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing, unless before the expiration of that period a claim to it is made in the manner set out in subsections (4), (5), (6) and (7).

- (4) Any person asserting that he is the owner of the wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing referred to in subsection (3) and that the wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing is not liable to forfeiture may personally or by his agent authorized in writing, give written notice to the enforcement officer in whose possession such wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing is held that he claims the wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing.
- (5) On receipt of the notice referred to in subsection (4), the enforcement officer shall refer the claim to a Magistrate of the First Class for his decision.
- (6) The Magistrate to whom a matter is referred under subsection (5) shall issue a summons requiring the person asserting that he is the owner of the wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing and the person from whom it was seized to appear before the Magistrate, and when they appear or they fail to appear, due service of the summons having been proved, the Magistrate shall proceed to the examination of the matter.
- (7) If it is proved that an offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation has been committed and that such wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing referred to in subsection (6) was the subject matter of or was used in the commission of such offence, the Magistrate shall order the wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing to be forfeited, and shall, in the absence of such proof, order its release.

(8) Any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing forfeited or deemed to be forfeited shall be delivered to the Director General and shall be disposed of in such manner as the Director General thinks fit.

Property in forfeited wildlife, etc.

111. Any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing forfeited or deemed to be forfeited under this Act shall be the property of the Government.

Cost of holding wildlife, etc., seized

112. Where any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing seized under this Act is held in the custody of the Government pending completion of any proceedings in respect of an offence under this Act, the cost of holding it in custody shall, in the event of any person being convicted of such offence, be a debt due to the Government, by such person and shall be recoverable accordingly.

No costs or damages arising from seizure to be recoverable

113. No person shall, in any proceedings before any court in respect of any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing seized in the exercise or the purported exercise of any power conferred under this Act, be entitled to the costs of such proceedings or to any damages or other relief unless such seizure was made without reasonable cause.

Obstruction to search

114. Any person who—

(a) refuses any enforcement officer access to any premise which the enforcement officer is entitled to have under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation or in the execution of any duty imposed or power conferred by this Act:

- (b) assaults, obstructs, hinders or delays any enforcement officer in effecting any entry which the enforcement officer is entitled to effect under this Act or in the execution of any duty imposed or power conferred by this Act; or
- (c) refuses any enforcement officer any information relating to an offence or suspected offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation or any other information which may reasonably be required of him and which he has in his knowledge or power to give,

commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding thirty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Additional powers

- 115. (1) An enforcement officer shall, for the purposes of the execution of this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation, have power to do all or any of the following acts:
 - (a) to require the production of records and documents and to inspect, examine and copy any of them;
 - (b) to require the production of any identification document from any person in relation to any case or offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation;
 - (c) to make such inquiry as may be necessary to ascertain whether the provisions of this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation have been complied with.
- (2) A person who fails to comply with a request made under subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding thirty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Joinder of offences

116. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 164 of the Criminal Procedure Code, where a person is accused of more than one offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation, he may be charged with and tried at one trial for any number of such offences committed within the space of any length of time.

PART IX

GENERAL

Controlled species

- 117. (1) No person shall keep, sell, purchase, import or export any controlled species specified in the Fifth Schedule.
- (2) Any person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding thirty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Hybrid deemed a controlled species

118. For the purposes of this Act, a hybrid shall be deemed to be a controlled species and shall be subject to section 117.

Prohibition on hybridization activity

- **119.** (1) No person shall carry out any hybridization activity without prior written permission of the Director General.
- (2) Any person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both.

Purchase of protected wildlife, etc., by persons other than licensed dealer, etc.

- **120.** (1) A person, other than a licensed dealer or licensed taxidermist, shall purchase or acquire any protected wildlife or any part or derivative of any protected wildlife from—
 - (a) a licensed dealer or licensed taxidermist; or
 - (b) a Director where it is sold by the Director pursuant to this Act.

(2) Any person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Sale of wildlife unlawfully hunted

121. (1) Any wildlife—

- (a) which is hunted under section 53, 54 or 55 or in contravention of the provisions of this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation; or
- (b) whose unclaimed carcass is found in any State land or permanent reserved forest or any other land,

may be sold or disposed of by the Director as he thinks fit.

(2) All moneys received under this section shall be paid into and form part of the Consolidated Fund of the State where the wildlife was hunted or whose unclaimed carcass was found.

Report on dangerous wildlife to be made

- **122.** (1) Any person who wounds a dangerous wildlife shall, without unnecessary delay, make a report to any officer or the district officer of the district in which the dangerous wildlife was wounded.
- (2) The report shall specify the dangerous wildlife, weapon which inflicted the wound, time, date and place where it was wounded.
- (3) Where the person wounding the dangerous wildlife is, by reason of serious injury, unable to make a report, he shall at the first reasonable opportunity request any other person to make a report as specified under this section.
- (4) For the purpose of this section, "dangerous wildlife" means elephant (*Elephas maximus*), gaur (*Bos gaurus*), bear (*Helarctos malayanus*), tiger (*Panthera tigris*), leopard (*Panthera pardus*), panther, wild pig (*sus scrofa*) and any other wildlife which constitutes an immediate danger to human life pursuant to section 55.

Report made to public officer to be conveyed to officer

123. Where—

- (a) any report or complaint concerning any matter relating to this Act is made;
- (b) any information concerning any matter relating to this Act is conveyed; or
- (c) any wildlife or any part or derivative of any wildlife is delivered,

to any public officer, he shall, without unnecessary delay, inform any officer of the matter.

Offence committed by body corporate

- 124. (1) Where a body corporate commits an offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation, any person who at the time of the commission of the offence was a chief executive officer, director, manager, secretary or other similar officer of the body corporate or was purporting to act in any such capacity or was in any manner or to any extent responsible for the management of any of the affairs of the body corporate or was assisting in such management—
 - (a) may be charged severally or jointly in the same proceedings with the body corporate; and
 - (b) where the body corporate is found guilty of the offence, shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence unless, having regard to the nature of his functions in that capacity and to all circumstances, he proves—
 - (i) that the offence was committed without his knowledge, consent or connivance; and
 - (ii) that he took all reasonable precautions and had exercised due diligence to prevent the commission of the offence.
- (2) Where any person would be liable under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation to any punishment or penalty for any act, omission, neglect or default, he shall be liable to the same

punishment or penalty for every such act, omission, neglect or default of any employee or agent of his, or of the employee of such agent, if such act, omission, neglect or default was committed—

- (a) by his employee in the course of his employment;
- (b) by the agent when acting on his behalf; or
- (c) by the employee of such agent in the course of his employment by such agent or otherwise on behalf of the agent.

General offence

- **125.** Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with—
 - (a) the provisions of this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation;
 - (b) any order made by a Magistrate or the Minister pursuant to this Act;
 - (c) any order or direction given by the Director General under this Act; or
 - (d) the conditions or requirements specified in a licence, permit or special permit,

commits and offence and shall, where no penalty is expressly provided, be liable to a fine not exceeding ten thousand ringgit or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both.

Compounding of offences

- **126.** (1) The Director General may, with the consent of the Public Prosecutor, offer to compound any offence committed by any person under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation and prescribed to be a compoundable offence by regulations made under this Act.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), the offences specified under paragraphs 68(2)(b) and (c), subsections 69(2), 70(2), 72(2) and 72(3) shall not be compoundable offences.
- (3) An offer under subsection (1) may be made by accepting from the person reasonably suspected of having committed the offence a sum of money not exceeding fifty per centum of the

maximum fine to which the person would have been liable to if he had been convicted of the offence, within such time as may be specified in the offer.

- (4) An offer under subsection (3) may be made at any time after the offence has been committed, but before any prosecution for it has been instituted, and where the amount specified in the offer under subsection (1) is not paid within the time specified in the offer, or within such extended time as the Director General may grant, prosecution for the offence may be instituted at any time after that against the person to whom the offer was made.
- (5) Where an offence has been compounded under subsection (3), no prosecution shall after that be instituted in respect of such offence against the person to whom the offer to compound was made and any wildlife, part or derivative of any wildlife, snare, trap, bait, poisoned bait, arms, conveyance, book, record, document or thing seized in connection with the offence may be released or forfeited by the Director General, subject to such terms and conditions as the Director General thinks fit to impose in accordance with the conditions of the compound.

Institution of prosecution

127. No prosecution for or in relation to an offence under this Act shall be instituted except by or with the written consent of the Public Prosecutor.

Protection against suit and legal proceedings

- **128.** No action shall lie or prosecution shall be brought, instituted or maintained in any court against—
 - (a) an enforcement officer or officer for or on account of or in respect of any act done or purported to be done by him; and
 - (b) any other person for or on account of or in respect of any act done or purported to be done by him under the order, direction or instruction of an enforcement officer or officer,

if the act was done in good faith and in a reasonable belief that it was necessary for the purpose intended to be served by it and for the carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.

Public Authorities Protection Act 1948

129. The Public Authorities Protection Act 1948 [Act 198] shall apply to any action, suit, prosecution or proceedings against an enforcement officer or officer in respect of any act, neglect or default done or omitted to be done by him.

Protection of informers

- **130.** (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3), no witness in any civil or criminal proceedings shall be obliged or permitted to disclose the name or address of an informer or the substance of the information received from him or to state any matter which might lead to his discovery.
- (2) If any record, document or computerized data which is in evidence or liable to inspection in any civil or criminal proceedings contains any entry in which any informer is named or described or which might lead to his discovery, the court shall cause all such passages to be concealed from view or to be obliterated so far only as may be necessary to protect the informer from discovery.
- (3) If on the trial for any offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation, the court after full inquiry into the case believes that the informer wilfully made in his complaint a material statement which he knew or believed to be false or did not believe to be true, or if in any other proceedings the court is of the opinion that justice cannot be fully done between the parties in that proceedings without the discovery of the informer, the court may require the production of the original complaint, if in writing, and permit inquiry and require full disclosure, concerning the informer.

Rewards

131. The Director General may order such rewards as he thinks fit to be paid to any person for services rendered in connection with the detection of any offence under this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation, or in connection with any seizures made under this Act.

Regulations

- **132.** (1) The Minister may make such regulations as may be expedient or necessary for the better carrying out the provisions of this Act or for prescribing anything that may be, or is required to be, prescribed under this Act.
- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1), regulations may be made in respect of the following:
 - (a) disseminating information on wildlife including their breeding habits, habitat, species and ways or means of helping to conserve them;
 - (b) the administration and management of wildlife reserves and wildlife sanctuaries:
 - (c) the conditions under which totally protected wildlife or protected wildlife may be kept and bred;
 - (d) the means of disposing any wildlife;
 - (e) regulating the operation of zoo, commercial captive breeding, circus or wildlife exhibitions;
 - (f) the specifications of containers for importing and exporting live wildlife;
 - (g) the fees payable under this Act;
 - (h) the offences which may be compounded.
- (3) Regulations made under this section may prescribe any act or omission in contravention of the regulations to be an offence and may prescribe penalties of a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand ringgit or imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years or to both.

Power of the Minister to exempt

133. The Minister may, by order published in the *Gazette*, exempt any person or class of persons or any activity or class of activities relating to wildlife from all or any of the provisions of this Act or any of its subsidiary legislation.

Power to amend Schedules

134. The Minister may, by order published in the *Gazette*, amend the Schedules to this Act.

Repeal and saving provisions

- **135.** (1) The Protection of Wildlife Act 1972 [Act 76] (the "repealed Act") is repealed.
- (2) All declarations of wildlife reserves and wildlife sanctuaries under the repealed Act shall continue to have effect as if they had been made under the provisions this Act.
- (3) The persons who were appointed under the repealed Act shall continue to be officers under this Act as if those persons had been appointed under section 4 of this Act.
- (4) All regulations, directions and orders made, licences, permits and special permits granted and records kept, under the repealed Act, shall continue to be in force and have effect as if they had been made, granted and kept under this Act.
- (5) All pending applications, approvals and decisions, on appeal or otherwise, relating to a licence, permit or special permit shall, on the commencement of this Act, be dealt with under this Act.
- (6) Any inquiry, trial and proceedings done, taken or commenced under the repealed Act immediately before the commencement of this Act shall be continued or concluded under and in accordance with the provisions of the repealed Act.

Transitional provision

136. (1) Any person who, on the date of the coming into operation of this Act, is undertaking an activity to which this Act applies shall, within six months from the date of the coming into operation of this Act, apply for a licence, permit or special permit under this Act, as the case may be.

- (2) Upon receipt of an application under subsection (1), the licensing officer shall issue an acknowledgment of receipt to such person.
- (3) Pending the determination of such application, such person may continue to undertake the activity.
- (4) Any person who keeps or has in his possession any controlled species shall, on the coming into operation of this Act, report to the Director General on the controlled species and the Director General shall, upon receiving the report, consider whether or not to permit the person to keep or possess the species.
- (5) Permission granted under subsection (4) may be subject to such conditions as the Director General thinks fit to impose.
- (6) Where the Director General does not grant permission under subsection (4), the Director General may seize and dispose of the controlled species and no compensation shall be payable by the Director General for the disposal of the controlled species.

FIRST SCHEDULE

[section 3]

PROTECTED WILDLIFE

Interpretation of the First Schedule

- 1. Species included in this Schedule are referred to—
 - (a) by the name of the species; or
 - (b) as being all of the species included in a higher taxon or designated part thereof.
- 2. The abbreviation "spp." is used to denote all species of a higher taxon.
- 3. Other references to taxa higher than species are for the purposes of information or classification only. The common names included after the scientific names of families are for reference only. They are intended to indicate the species within the family concerned that are included in this Schedule. In most cases this is not all of the species within the family.
- 4. Where there is conflict between a scientific term and a common term in the use of the name of any species in this Schedule, the scientific term shall prevail.

Part I

(HUNTED SPECIES)

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name		
CLASS MAMMALIA (MAMMALS)				
Cercopithecidae (Old world monkeys)	Presbytis melalophos	Banded-leaf Monkey		
	Trachypithecus cristatus	Silvered-leaf Monkey		
	Trachypithecus obscurus	Dusky-leaf Monkey		
Cervidae (Deer, guemals, muntjacs, pudus)	Muntiacus muntjak	Barking Deer		
	Rusa unicolor	Sambar Deer		
Hystricidae	Atherurus macrourus	Brush-tailed Porcupine		
(Crested porcupine)	Hystrix brachyura	Malayan Porcupine		
Pteropodidae	Pteropus hypomelanus	Island Flying Fox		
(Flying foxes)	Pteropus vampyrus	Malayan Flying Fox		
Suidae (Wild boar)	Sus scrofa	Wild boar		
Tragulidae	Tragulus javanicus	Lesser Mousedeer		
(Mousedeer)	Tragulus napu	Large Mousedeer		
Viverridae	Paradoxurus hermaphroditus	Common Palm Civet		
(Civets)	Viverra tangalunga	Malay Civet		
	CLASS AVES (BIRDS)			
Charadriidae (Plovers)	Charadrius asiaticus	Eastern Dotteral		
Columbidae (Doves, pigeons)	Chalcophaps indica	Emerald Dove		
	Treron olax	Little Green Pigeon		
	Treron vernans	Pink-necked Green Pigeon		
	Treron seimundi	Seimund's Pintail Pigeon		
Dromadidae (Crab plover)	Dromas ardeola	Crab Plover		
Phasianidae	Coturnix chinensis	Painted Quail		
(Jungle Fowl, Quail)	Gallus gallus	Red Jungle Fowl		
Rallidae	Amaurornis phoenicurus	White-breasted Waterhen		
(Rail)	Poliolimnas cinereus	White-browed Rail		
Scolopacidae	Calidris subminuta	Long-toed Stint		
(Snipe, stint)	Gallinago gallinago	Common Snipe		
	Gallinago nemoricola	Wood Snipe		
	Gannago nemoricota			

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Heteroscelus incanus	Wandering Tattler

PART 2 (OTHER)

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name		
CLASS MAMMALIA (MAMMALS)				
Aotidae (Night monkeys)	Aotus spp.	Night monkeys		
Atelidae (Howling Monkey, Spider Monkey, Woolly Monkey)	Alouatta spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Howling Monkey		
	Ateles spp. (except the subspecies included in the Second Schedule)	Spider Monkey		
	Lagothrix spp.	Woolly Monkey		
Bovidae	Ammotragus lervia	Barbary Sheep		
(Antelopes, cattle, duikers, gazelles, goats, sheep)	Antilope cervicapra	Blackbuck		
	Bison bison athabascae	Wood Bison		
	Bubalus arnee	Wild Asiatic Buffalo		
	Budorcas taxicolor	Takin		
	Cephalophus brookei	Duiker		
	Cephalophus dorsalis	Bay Duiker		
	Cephalophus ogilbyi	Ogilby's Duiker		
	Cephalophus silvicultor	Yellow-backed Duiker		
	Cephalophus zebra	Banded Duiker		
	Damaliscus pygargus pygargus	Bontebok		
	Gazella dorcas	Dorcas Gazelle		
	Kobus leche	Lechwe		
	Ovis ammon (except the subspecies included in the Second Schedule)	Argali		
	Ovis canadensis (only the population of Mexico)	Bighorn Sheep		
	Ovis vignei (except the subspecies included in the Second Schedule)	Red Sheep		
	Philantomba monticola	Blue Duiker		
	Saiga borealis	Mongolian Saiga		
	Saiga tatarica	Saiga Antelope		
	Tetracerus quadricornis	Four-horned Antelope		

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Bradypodidae (Three-toed sloth)	Bradypus variegatus	Brown-Throated Sloth
Camelidae (Guanaco, vicugna)	Lama glama guanicoe	Guanaco
	Vicugna vicugna (only the populations of Argentina, Bolivia, Chile and Peru)	Vicugna
Canidae (Bush dog, foxes, wolves)	Canis aureus	Common Jackal
	Canis lupus (except the populations of Bhutan, India, Nepal and Pakistan included in Second Schedule)	Common Wolf
	Cerdocyon thous	Forest Fox
	Chrysocyon brachyurus	Maned Wolf
	Lycalopex culpaeus	Red Fox
	Lycalopex griseus	Argentine Grey Fox
	Lycalopex gymnocercus	Azara's Zorro
	Vulpes bengalensis	Bengal Fox
	Vulpes cana	Afghan Fox
	Vulpes vulpes griffithii	Red Fox
	Vulpes vulpes montana	Red Fox
	Vulpes vulpes pusilla	Red Fox
	Vulpes zerda	Fennec Fox
Cebidae (New world monkeys)	Callithrix spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Marmosets
	Cebus spp.	Capuchins
	Saguinus spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Tamarins
	Saimiri spp. (except the species included in the the Second Schedule)	Squirrel Monkeys
Cercopithecidae	Macaca fascicularis	Long-tailed Macaque
(Old world monkeys)	Macaca nemestrina	Pig-tailed Macaque
	Allenopithecus nigroviridis	Allen's Swamp Monkey
	Cercocebus spp. (except the species included in the the Second Schedule)	Mangabey
	Cercopithecus spp. (except the species included in the the Second Schedule)	Monkey
	Chlorocebus spp.	Green Monkey
	Colobus spp.	Colobus
	Erythrocebus patas	Patas Monkey
	Lophocebus spp.	Mangabey

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Macaca spp. (except the species included in the the Second Schedule)	Macaques
	Miopithecus spp.	Southern Talapoin
	Papio spp.	Baboon
	Piliocolobus spp. (except the species included in the the Second Schedule)	Red Colobus
	Presbytis spp. (except the species included in the the Second Schedule)	Thomas's Langur
	Procolobus verus	Olive Colobus
	Theropithecus gelada	Gelada Baboon
	Trachypithecus spp. (except the species included in the the Second Schedule)	Langur
Cervidae	Cervus elaphus bactrianus	Bactrian Deer
(Deer, guemals, muntjacs, pudus)	Cervus elaphus barbarus	Atlas Deer
F/	Mazama temama cerasina	Guatemalan Red Brocket
	Odocoileus virginianus mayensis	Guatemalan White-Tailed Deer
	Pudu mephistophiles	Northern Pudu
Cuniculidae (Paca)	Cuniculus paca	Paca
Dasypodidae (Armadillos)	Cabassous centralis	Northern Naked-Tailed Armadillo
	Cabassous tatouay	Greater Naked-Tailed Armadillo
	Chaetophractus nationi	Bolivian Hairy Armadillo
Dasyproctidae (Agouti)	Dasyprocta punctata	Central American Agouti
Elephantidae (Elephants)	Loxodonta africana (only the populations of Botswana, Namibia, South Africa and Zimbabwe; all other populations are included in the Second Schedule)	African Elephant
Equidae (Horses, wild asses, zebras)	Equus hemionus (except the subspecies included in the Second Schedule)	Asian Wild Ass
	Equus kiang	Kiang
	Equus zebra hartmannae	Hartmann's Mountain Zebra
Erethizontidae (New world porcupines)	Sphiggurus mexicanus	Mexican Hairy Dwarf Porcupine
	Sphiggurus spinosus	Orange-spined Hairy Dwarf Porcupine
Erinaceidae (Shrew)	Hyloms suillus	Pig-tailed Shrew

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Eupleridae (Fosa, Mongoose, Civet)	Cryptoprocta ferox	Fosa
	Eupleres goudotii	Malagasy Mongoose
	Fossa fossana	Malagasy Civet
Felidae (Wild Cats)	Caracal caracal (except Asian population included in the Second Schedule)	Caracal
	Felidae spp.	Cats
	Felis spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Cats
	Leptailurus serval	Serval
	Leopardus spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Wild cat
	Lynx spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Lynx
	Prionailurus spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Cats
	Profelis aurata	African Golden Cat
	Puma concolor (except the subspecies included in the Second Schedule)	Puma
	Panthera leo (except the subspecies included in the Second Schedule)	Lion
	Puma yagouaroundi (except the population of Central and North America included in the Second Schedule)	Eyra Cat
Galagidae	Euoticus elegantulus	Elegant Galago
(Galagos)	Euoticus pallidus	Northern Needle-clawed Bushbaby
	Galago spp.	Bushbabies
	Otolemur spp.	Bushbabies
Herpestidae (Mongooses)	Herpestes fuscus	Indian Brown Mongoose
	Herpestes smithii	Ruddy Mongoose
	Herpestes vitticollis	Stripe-necked Mongoose
Hippopotamidae	Hexaprotodon liberiensis	Pygmy Hippopotamus
(Hippopotamuses)	Hippopotamus amphibius	Large Hippo
Hyaenidae (Aardwolf)	Proteles cristata	Aardwolf

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Lorisidae	Arctocebus aureus	Golden Potto
(Loris)	Arctocebus calabarensis	Angwantibo
	Loris lydekkerianus	Grey Slender Loris
	Loris tardigradus	Slender Loris
	Perodicticus potto	Potto Gibbon
	Pseudopotto martini	False Potto
Megalonychidae (Two-toed sloth)	Choloepus hoffmanni	Hoffmann's Two-toed Sloth
Mephitidae (Skunk)	Conepatus humboldtii	Humboldt's Hog-nosed Skunk
Moschidae (Musk deer)	Moschus spp. (except the populations of Afghanistan, Bhutan, India, Myanmar, Nepal and Pakistan included in the Second Schedule)	Musk deer
Mustelidae	Aonyx capensis	Clawless Otter
(Badgers, martens, otters, weasels)	Aonyx capensis microdon (except the populations of Cameroon and Nigeria included in the Second Schedule)	Cameroon Clawless Otter
	Eira barbara	Tayra
	Enhydra lutris (except the subspecies included in the Second Schedule)	Sea Otter
	Galictis vittata	Allamand's Grison
	Hydrictis maculicollis	Speckle-throated Otter
	Lontra canadensis	River Otter
	Lutra spp.(except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Common Otter
	Lutrinae spp.	Otters
	Martes foina intermedia	Beech Marten
Myrmecophagidae	Myrmecophaga tridactyla	Giant Anteater
(American anteaters)	Tamandua mexican	Northern Tamandua
Phalangeridae (Cuscuses)	Phalanger spp.	Cuscus
	Spilocuscus spp.	Cuscus
Phyllostomidae (Broadnosed bat)	Platyrrhinus lineatus	White-lined Bat
Pitheciidae	Callicebus spp.	Titi
(New world monkeys)	Chiropotes spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Bearded Saki
	Pithecia spp.	Saki
Procyonidae (Coatis, kinkajou, olingos)	Bassaricyon gabbii	Bushy-tailed Olingo

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Bassariscus sumichrasti	Cacomistle
	Nasua narica	Northern Coati
	Nasua nasua solitaria	South Brazilian Coati
	Potos flavus	Kinkajou
Pteropodidae (Fruit bats, flying foxes)	Acerodon spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Flying-foxes
	Pteropus spp.(except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Flying-foxes
Ptilocercidae (Tree shrew)	Ptilocercus lowii	Pen-tailed Tree Shrew
Rhinocerotidae (Rhinoceroses)	Ceratotherium simum (except subspecies and the populations of South Africa and Swaziland; all other populations are included in the Second Schedule)	Square-lipped Rhinoceros
Sciuridae	Epixerus ebii	Ebian's Palm Squirrel
(Ground squirrels, tree squirrels)	Marmota caudata	Long-tailed Marmot
1 /	Marmota himalayana	Himalayan Marmot
	Ratufa spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Giant Squirrels
	Sciurus deppei	Deppe's Squirrel
Soricidae (Shrews)	Chimarrogale platycephala	Flat-headed Water Shrew
Talpidae (Mole)	Talpa micrura	Himalayan Mole
Tachyglossidae (Echidnas)	Zaglossus spp.	Long-nosed Echidnas
Tarsiidae (Tarsiers)	Tarsius spp.	Tarsiers
Tayassuidae (Peccaries)	Pecari tajacu (except the populations of Mexico and the United States of America)	Collared Peccary
	Tayassu pecari	White-lipped Peccary
	Tayassuidae spp.	Peccary
Tupaiidae (Tree shrews)	Dendrogale melanura	Bornean Smooth-tailed Treeshrew
	Tupaia dorsalis	Striped Treeshrew
	Tupaia glis	Malaysian Tree Shrew
	Tupaia gracilis	Slender Treeshrew
	Tupaia longipes	Bornean Treeshrew
	Tupaia montana	Mountain Treeshrew
	Tupaia minor	Lesser Treeshrew
	Tupaia picta	Painted Treeshrew

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Tupaia tana	Large Treeshrew
	Anathana ellioti	Indian Treeshrew
	Dendrogale murina	Mainland Slender-tailed Treeshrew
	Tupaia spp.	Treeshrews
	Urogale everetti	Mindanao Treeshrew
Ursidae (Bears, pandas)	Ursus spp. (except species included in the Second Schedule)	Bears
	Ursus arctos (only the populations of Bhutan, China, Mexico and Mongolia)	Brown Bear
Viverridae	Civettictis civetta	African Civet
(Binturong, civets,linsang, otter civet)	Paradoxurus jerdoni	Jerdon's Palm Civet
,	Viverra civettina	Malabar Civet
	Viverricula indica	Small Indian Civet
	CLASS AVES (BIRDS)	
Anatidae	Anas bernieri	Bernier's Teal
(Duck, geese, swans)	Anas formosa	Baikal Teal
	Branta ruficollis	Red-breasted Goose
	Cairina moschata	Muscovy Duck
	Coscoroba coscoroba	Coscoroba Swan
	Cygnus melanocoryphus	Black-necked Swan
	Dendrocygna arborea	Black-billed Wood-Duck
	Dendrocygna autumnalis	Black-bellied Whistling Duck
	Oxyura leucocephala	White-headed Duck
	Sarkidiornis melanotos	Comb Duck
Apodidae (Typical swifts)	Collocalia esculenta	Glossy Swiftlet
Balaenicipitidae (Shoebill)	Balaeniceps rex	Shoebill
Burhinidae (Thick-knee)	Burhinus bistriatus	Double-striped Thick-knee
Cacatuidae (Cockatoos)	Cacatua spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Cockatoos
	Callocephalon fimbriatum	Gang-gang Cockatoo
	Calyptorhynchus spp.	Black Cockatoos
	Eolophus roseicapillus	Galah
Capitonidae (Barbet)	Semnornis ramphastinus	Toucan Barbet
Cathartidae (New world vultures)	Sarcoramphus papa	King Vulture

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Ciconiidae (Storks)	Ciconia nigra	Black Stork
Columbidae	Gallicolumba luzonica	Bleeding-heart Dove
(Doves, pigeons)	Goura spp.	Crowned Pigeons
	Nesoenas mayeri	Pink Pigeon
Cotingidae	Cephalopterus ornatus	Amazonian Umbrellabird
(Cotingas)	Cephalopterus penduliger	Long-wattled Umbrellabird
	Rupicola spp.	Cocks-of-the- Rock
Cracidae (Chachalacas,	Crax alberti	Albert's Currasow
currassows, guans)	Crax daubentoni	Daubenton's Currasow
	Crax globulosa	Wattled Currasow
	Crax rubra	Globose Currasow
	Ortalis vetula	Chalaca
	Pauxi pauxi	Helmeted Currasow
	Penelope purpurascens	Crested Guan
	Penelopina nigra	Black Chachalaca
Emberizidae (Cardinals,	Gubernatrix cristata	Yellow Cardinal
tanagers)	Paroaria capitata	Yellow-billed Cardinal
	Paroaria coronata	Red-crested Cardinal
	Tangara fastuosa	Seven-colored Tanager
Estrildidae	Lonchura fuscans	Dusky Munia
(Mannikins, waxbills, munia)	Lonchura leucogastra	White-bellied Munia
mumu)	Lonchura maja	White-headed Munia
	Lonchura malcca	Black-headed Munia
	Lonchura oryzivora	Java Sparrow
	Lonchura punctulata	Scaly-breasted Munia
	Lonchura striata	White-rumped Munia
	Amandava formosa	Green Avadavat
	Poephila cincta cincta	Southern Black-throated Finch
Fringillidae	Carduelis yarrellii	Yellow-faced Siskin
(Finches)	Serinus gularis	Streaky-headed seed-eater
	Serinus leucopygus	White-rumped seed-eater
	Serinus mozambicus	Yellow-fronted canary
Gruidae	Balearica spp.	Crowned-Cranes
(Cranes)	Grus spp.(except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Cranes

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Loriidae	Chalcopsitta spp.	Lory
(Lories, lorikeets)	Charmosyna spp.	Lorikeet
	Eos spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Red Lory
	Glossopsitta spp.	Lorikeet
	Lorius spp.	Naped lory
	Neopsittacus musschenbroekii	Yellow-billed Lorikeet
	Neopsittacus pullicauda	Emerald Lorikeet
	Oreopsittacus arfaki	Plum-faced Lorikeet
	Phigys solitarius	Collared Lory
	Pseudeos fuscata	Dusky Lory
	Psitteuteles spp.	Lorikeet
	Trichoglossus spp.	
	Vini spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Lorikeet
Muscicapidae	Acrocephalus rodericanus	Rodrigues Brush-Warbler
(Old world flycatchers)	Cyornis ruckii	Rueck's Blue-Flycatcher
	Garrulax canorus	Hwamei
	Leiothrix argentauris	Silver-eared Mesia
	Leiothrix lutea	Red-billed Leiothrix
	Liocichla omeiensis	Emei Shan Liocichla
	Terpsiphone bourbonnensis	Mascarene Paradise- Flycatcher
Musophagidae (Turacos)	Tauraco porphyeolophus	Purple-crested Turaco
	Tauraco spp.	Turacos
Otididae	Otididae spp.	
(Bustards)	Ardeotis spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Bustards
	Eupodotis spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Bustards
	Neotis spp.	Bustards
	Otis tarda	Great Bustard
	Tetrax tetrax	Little Bustard
Paradisaeidae	Astrapia spp.	Astrapias
(Birds of paradise)	Cicinnurus spp.	Bird of Paradise
	Cnemophilus spp.	Bird of Paradise
	Epimachus spp.	Sicklebill
	Loboparadisea sericea	Wattle-billed Bird of Paradise

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Lophorina superba	Superb Bird of Paradise
	Lycocorax pyrrhopterus	Paradise-Crow
	Macgregoria pulchra	Macgregor's Bird of Paradise
	Manucodia spp.	Manucodes
	Melampitta spp.	Melampittas
	Paradigalla spp.	Paradigallas
	Paradisaea spp.	Birds of Paradise
	Parotia spp.	Parotia
	Pteridophora alberti	King of Saxony Bird of Paradise
	Ptiloris spp.	Riflebirds
	Seleucidis melanoleuca	Twelve-wired Bird of Paradise
	Semioptera wallacii	Standard-wing Bird of Paradise
Phasianidae	Arborophila orientalis	Bar-backed Partridge
(Grouse, guineafowl, partridges, pheasants,	Gallus sonneratii	Grey Junglefowl
tragopans)	Ithaginis cruentus	Blood Pheasant
	Meleagris ocellata	Ocellated Turkey
	Polyplectron bicalcaratum	Common Peacock Pheasant
	Polyplectron germaini	Germain's Peacock Pheasant
	Tragopan satyra	Crimson Horned Pheasant
Phoenicopteridae (Flamingos)	Phoenicopterus spp.	Flamingos
Ploceidae (Weavers, whydahs)	Ploceus philippinus	Baya Weaver
Psittacidae (Amazon, macaws,	Loriculus galgulus	Blue-crowned Hanging Parrot
parakeets, parrots)	Agapornis spp. (except Agapornis roseicollis)	Lovebirds
	Alisterus spp.	King Parrot
	Amazona spp.(except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Amazon Parrot
	Aprosmictus erythropterus	Red-winged Parrot
	Aprosmictus jonquilaceus	Olive-shouldered Parrot
	Ara spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Macaw
	Aratinga spp.	Conure
	Barnardius zonarius	Australian Ringneck
	Bolbopsittacus lunulatus	Guaiabero

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Bolborhynchus spp.	
	Brotogeris spp.	
	Coracopsis spp.	
	Cyanoliseus spp.	Burrowing Parakeet
	Cyanoramphus spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Parakeet
	Cyclopsitta spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Parrot
	Deroptyus accipitrinus	Hawk-headed Parrot
	Diopsittaca nobilis	Hahn's Macaw
	Eclectus roratus	Electus Parrot
	Enicognathus spp.	Slender-billed Parakeet
	Forpus spp.	Parrotlet
	Geoffroyus spp.	Lorito
	Graydidascalus brachyurus	Short-tailed Parrot
	Hapalopsittaca spp.	
	Lathamus discolor	Swift Parrot
	Leptosittaca branickii	Golden-plumed Conure
	Loriculus spp.	Hanging Parrot
	Micropsitta spp.	Pygmy Parrot
	Myiopsitta spp.	
	Nandayus nenday	Black-headed Conure
	Nannopsittaca dachilleae	Amazonian Parakeet
	Nannopsittaca panychlora	Tepui Parakeet
	Neophema spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Parrot
	Neopsephotus bourkii	Bourke's Parrot
	Nestor meridionalis	Kaka
	Nestor notabilis	Kea
	Northiella haematogaster	Blue Bonnet
	Orthopsittaca manilata	Red-bellied Macaw
	Pionites leucogaster	White-bellied Parrot
	Pionites melanocephala	Black-headed Parrot
	Pionopsitta spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Parrot
	Pionus spp.	
	Platycercus spp.	Rossela
	Poicephalus spp.	

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Polytelis spp.	
	Primolus auricollis	Golden-collared Macaw
	Prioniturus spp.	
	Prosopeia spp.	
	Psephotus spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Parrot
	Psilopsiagon aurifrons	Golden-fronted Parakeet
	Psilopsiagon aymara	Grey-hooded Parakeet
	Psittacella spp.	
	Psittacula spp. (except Psittacula krameri and species included in the Second Schedule)	
	Psittaculirostris spp.	
	Psittacus erithacus	Grey Parrot
	Psittinus cyanurus	Blue-rumped Parrot
	Psittrichas fulgidus	Pesquet's Parrot
	Purpureicephalus spurius	Red-capped Parrot
	Pyrrhura spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Parakeet
	Tanygnathus spp.	Parrot
	Touit spp.	
	Triclaria malachitacea	Blue-bellied Parrot
Pycnonotidae (Bulbul)	Pycnonotus jocosus	Red-whiskered Bulbul
Ramphastidae (Toucans)	Baillonius bailloni	Saffron Toucanet
	Pteroglossus aracari	Black-necked Aracari
	Pteroglossus castanotis	Chestnut-eared Aracari
	Pteroglossus viridis	Green Aracari
	Ramphastos dicolorus	Red-breasted Toucan
	Ramphastos sulfuratus	Keel-billed Toucan
	Ramphastos toco	Toco Toucan
	Ramphastos tucanus	Red-billed Toucan
	Ramphastos vitellinus	Channel-billed Toucan
	Selenidera maculirostris	Spot-billed Toucanet
Rheidae	Pterocnemia pennata pennata	Darwin's Rhea
(Rheas)	Rhea americana	Common Rhea
Spheniscidae (Penguins)	Spheniscus demersus	African Penguin
Sturnidae (Mynahs)	Gracula religiosa	Hill Myna
Threskiornithidae (Ibises, spoonbills)	Eudocimus ruber	Scarlet Ibis

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Geronticus calvus	Bald Ibis
	Platalea leucorodia	Spoonbill
Trochilidae (Hummingbirds)	Abeillia abeillei	Emerald-chinned Hummingbird
	Adelomyia melanogenys	Speckled Hummingbird
	Aglaeactis spp.	Sunbeams
	Aglaiocercus spp.	
	Amazilia spp.	
	Androdon aequatorialis	Tooth-billed Hummingbird
	Anopetia gounellei	Broad-tipped Hermit
	Anthocephala floriceps	Blossomcrown
	Anthracothorax spp.	
	Archilochus alexandri	Black-chinned Hummingbird
	Archilochus colubris	Ruby-throated Hummingbird
	Atthis ellioti	Wine-throated Hummingbird
	Atthis heloisa	Bumblebee Hummingbird
	Augastes spp.	
	Basilinna leucotis	White-eared Hummingbird
	Basilinna xantusii	Black-fronted Hummingbird
	Boissonneaua spp	Coronets
	Calliphlox spp.	Woodstars
	Calothorax lucifer	Lucifer Hummingbird
	Calothorax pulcher	Beautiful Hummingbird
	Calypte spp.	
	Campylopterus spp.	
	Chaetocercus spp.	Woodstars
	Chalcostigma spp.	Thornbills
	Chalybura spp.	
	Chlorostilbon spp.	
	Chrysolampis mosquitus	Ruby-topaz Hummingbird
	Chrysuronia oenone	Golden-tailed Sapphire
	Clytolaema rubricauda	Brazilian Ruby
	Coeligena spp.	Starfrontlet
	Colibri spp.	
	Cyanophaia bicolor	Blue-headed Hummingbird
	Cynanthus spp.	
	Damophila julie	Violet-bellied Hummingbird
	Discosura spp.	Thorntails

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Doricha spp.	Sheartails
	Doryfera spp.	Lancebills
	Elvira spp.	
	Ensifera ensifera	Sword-billed Hummingbird
	Eriocnemis spp.	Pufflegs
	Eugenes fulgens	Magnificent Hummingbird
	Eulampis spp.	Caribs
	Eupherusa spp.	
	Eutoxeres spp.	Sicklebills
	Florisuga spp.	Jacobins
	Glaucis spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Hermits
	Goethalsia bella	Rufous-cheeked Hummingbird
	Goldmania violiceps	Violet-capped Hummingbird
	Haplophaedia spp.	Pufflegs
	Heliactin bilopha	Horned Sungem
	Heliangelus spp.	Sunangels
	Heliodoxa spp.	
	Heliomaster spp.	Starthroats
	Heliothryx spp.	
	Hylocharis spp.	
	Hylonympha macrocerca	Scissor-tailed Hummingbird
	Klais guimeti	Violet-headed Hummingbird
	Lafresnaya lafresnayi	Mountain Velvetbreast
	Lampornis spp.	
	Lamprolaima rhami	Garnet-throated Hummingbird
	Lepidopyga spp.	
	Lesbia spp.	Trainbeacers
	Leucippus spp.	
	Leucochloris albicollis	White-throated Hummingbird
	Loddigesia mirabilis	Marvellous Spatuletail
	Lophornis spp.	
	Mellisuga spp.	
	Metallura spp.	
	Michochera albocoronata	Snowcap
	Microstilbon burmeisteri	Slender-tailed Woodstar
	Myrmia micrura	Short-tailed Woodstar

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Myrtis spp.	
	Ocreatus underwoodii	Booted Raquet-tail
	Opisthoprora euryptera	Mountain Avocetbill
	Oreonympha nobilis	Bearded Mountaineer
	Oreotrochilus spp.	Hillstars
	Orthorhyncus cristatus	Antillean Crested Hummingbird
	Oxypogon guerinii	Bearded Helmetcrest
	Panterpe insignis	Fiery-throated Hummingbird
	Patagona gigas	Giant Hummingbird
	Phaethornis spp.	Hermits
	Phlogophilus spp.	Piedtails
	Polyonymus caroli	Bronze-tailed Comet
	Polytmus spp.	Goldenthroats
	Pterophanes cyanopterus	Great Sapphirewing
	Ramphodon naevius	Saw-billed Hermit
	Ramphomicron spp.	Thornbills
	Rhodopis vesper	Oasis Hummingbird
	Sappho sparganura	Red-tailded Comet Hummingbird
	Selasphorus spp.	
	Sephanoides spp.	Firecrown
	Stellula calliope	Calliope Hummingbird
	Stephanoxis lalandi	Plovercrest
	Sternoclyta cyanopectus	Violet-chested Hummingbird
	Taphrolesbia griseiventris	Grey-bellied Comet
	Thalurania spp.	Woodnymphs
	Thaumastura cora	Peruvian Sheartail
	Threnetes spp.	Barbthroat
	Tilmatura dupontii	Sparkling-tailded Barbthroat
	Topaza pella	Crimson Topaz
	Trochilus spp.	Streamertails
	Urochroa bougueri	White-tailed Hillstar
	Urosticte spp.	Whitetips
Turdidae	Copsychus malabaricus	Common Shama
(Thrushes)	Copsychus saularis	Oriental Magpie Robin
	Calidris minutillus	Long-toed Stint
Zosteropidae (White-eye)	Zosterops palpebrosa	Oriental White-eyes

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	CLASS REPTILIA (REPTILES)	
Acrochordidae (File snake)	Acrochordus javanicus	Elephant-trunk Snake
Agamidae	Acanthosaura armata	Horned Tree Lizard
(Agamas, mastigures)	Acanthosaura crucigera	Cross-bearing Tree Lizard
	Aphaniotus fuscus	Earless Lizard
	Calotes emma emma	Forest Crested Lizard
	Calotes vescolor	Garden Fence Lizard
	Draco blanfordii	Blanford's Gliding Lizard
	Draco maculatus	Spotted Gliding Lizard
	Draco melanopogon	Black-bearded Gliding Lizard
	Draco quinquefasciatus	Five-banded Gliding Lizard
	Draco volans	Common Gliding Lizard
	Gonocephalus abbotti	Doria's Anglehead Lizard
	Gonocephalus bellii	Bell's Anglehead Lizard
	Gonocephalus chamaeleontinus	Chameleon Anglehead Lizard
	Gonocephalus grandis	Great Anglehead Lizard
	Gonocephalus liogaster	Comb Crested Forest Lizard
	Gonocephalus robinsonii	Robinson's Crested Lizard
	Leiolepis triploida	Malayan Butterfly Lizard
	Leiolepis belliana	Common Butterfly Lizard
	Uromastyx spp.	Spiny-tailed lizards
Alligatoridae	Alligator mississipiensis	American Alligator
(Alligators, caimans)	Caiman crocodilus (except the subspecies included in the Second Schedule)	Brown Caiman
	Caiman latirostris (only the population of Argentina)	Broad-nosed Caiman
	Melanosuchus niger (only the population of Brazil and Ecuador)	Black Caiman
	Paleosuchus palpebrosus	Cuvier's Smooth-fronted Caiman
	Paleosuchus trigonatus	Schneider's Smooth-fronted Caiman
Aniliidae (False coral snake)	Cylindrophis ruffus	Red-tailed Pipe Snake

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Boidae (Boas)	Boa spp. (except the subspecies included in the Second Schedule)	Boas
	Calabaria spp.	
	Candoia spp.	
	Charina spp.	Boas
	Corallus spp.	
	Epicrates spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Boas
	Eryx spp.	Boas
	Eunectes spp.	Anacondas
	Gongylophis spp.	Boas
	Lichanura spp.	Boas
Bolyeriidae (Round Island boas)	Bolyeria spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	
	Casarea spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	
Carettochelyidae (Pig-nosed turtles)	Carettochelys insculpta	Pig-Nosed Turtle
Chamaeleonidae	Bradypodion spp.	Draw chameleon
(Chameleons)	Brookesia spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Leaf Chameleons
	Calumma spp.	Chameleons
	Chamaeleo spp.	Chameleons
	Furcifer spp.	Chameleons
Chelydridae (Snapping turtles)	Macrochelys teminckii	Alligator Snapping Turtle
Colubridae (Typical snakes, water	Ahaetulla fasciolata	Speckled-headed Whip Snake
snakes, whipsnakes)	Ahaetulla mycterizans	Malayan Green Whip Snake
	Ahaetulla nasuta	Long-nosed Whip Snake
	Ahaetulla prasina	Oriental Whip Snake
	Amphiesma inas	Malayan Mountain Keelback
	Amphiesma petersii	Peter's Keelback
	Amphiesma sanguinea	Smedley's Keelback
	Amphiesma sarawacense	Sarawak Mountain Keelback
	Aplopeltura boa	Blunt-headed Slug Snake
	Asthenodipsas laevis	Smooth Slug Snake

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Boiga cyanea	Green Cat Snake
	Boiga cynodon	Dog-toothed Cat Snake
	Boiga dendrophila melanota	Mangrove Snake
	Boiga drapiezii	White Spotted Cat Snake
	Boiga jaspidae	Jasper Cat Snake
	Boiga multomaculata	Marble Cat Snake
	Boiga nigriceps	Black-headed Cat Snake
	Chrysopelea paradisi	Paradise Tree Snake
	Chrysopelea ornata	Golden Tree Snake
	Chrysopelea pelias	Twin-barred Tree Snake
	Elaphe flavolineata	Common Malayan Racer
	Elaphe porphyracea	Red Mountain Racer
	Elaphe prasina	Green Tree Racer
	Elaphe radiate	Copperhead Racer
	Elaphe taeniura ridleyi	Cave Dwelling Snake
	Enhydris bocourti	Bocourt's Water Snake
	Enhydris enhydris	Rainbow Water Snake
	Gonyosoma oxycephalum	Red-tailed Rat Snake
	Homalopsis buccata	Puff-face Water Snake
	Liopeltis tricolor	Malayan Ringneck
	Lycodon effraenis	Scarce Wolf Snake
	Lycodon subcintus	Malayan Banded Wolf Snake
	Macrocalamus lateralis	Malayan Mountain Reed Snake
	Macrocalamus tweedie	Tweedie's Mountain Reed Snake
	Macropisthodon rhodomelas	Blue-necked Keelback
	Pareas carinatus	Keeled Slug Snake
	Pareas margaritophorus	White-spotted
	Pareas vertebralis	Southern Mountain Slug Snake
	Pseudoxenodon macrops	Big-eyed Mountain Keelback
	Ptyas carinatus	Keeled Rat Snake
	Ptyas fuscus	White-bellied Rat Snake
	Ptyas mucosus	Common Rat Snake
	Ptyas korros	Indo-chinese Rat Snake
	Rhabdophis chrysargus	Speckle-bellied Keelback
	Rhabdophis conspicillatus	
	Rhabdophis subminiatus	Red-necked Keelback

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Sibynophis collaris	Common Blackhead
	Sibynophis melanocephalus	Malayan Many-toothed Snake
	Atretium schistosum	Olivaceous Keelback
	Cerberus rhynchops	Bockadam
	Clelia clelia	Mussurana
	Cyclagras gigas	Brazilian Smooth Snake
	Elachistodon westermanni	Indian Egg-eater
	Ptyas mucosus	Oriental Rat Snake
	Xenochrophis piscator	Asiatic Water Snake
Crocodylidae	Cordylus spp.	Crag Lizards
(Crocodiles)	Crocodylus porosus (only populations of Australia, Indonesia and Papua New Guinea)	Estuarine Crocodile
	Crocodylus acutus (only population of Cuba)	American Crocodile
	Crocodylus johnsoni	Australian Freshwater Crocodile
	Crocodylus niloticus (only populations of Botswana, Ethiopia, Kenya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, South Africa, Ganda, The United Republic of Tanzania, Egypt, Zambia and Zimbabwe)	Nile Crocodile
	Crocodylus novaeguineae	New Guinea Crocodile
Dibamidae	Dibamus booliati	
	Dibamus tiomanensis	
Dermatemydidae (Central American river turtle)	Dermatemys mawii	Central American River Turtle
Elapidae	Bungarus candidus	Malayan Krait
(Cobras, coral snakes)	Bungarus fasciatus	Banded Krait
	Bungarus flaviceps	Red headed Krait
	Calliophis maculiceps	Small-spotted Coral Snake
	Callophis gracilis	Spotted Coral Snake
	Maticora bivirgata	Blue Long-Glanded
	Maticora intestinalis	Banded Malayan Coral Snake
	Maticora maculiceps	
	Naja kaouthia	Monocellate Cobra
	Naja naja	Common Cobra
	Naja sumatrana	Equatorial Spitting Cobra
	Ophiophagus hannah	King Cobra
	Hoplocephalus bungaroides	Broad-headed Snake
	Naja atra	Chinese Cobra

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Naja mandalayensis	Cobra
	Naja oxiana	Central Asian Cobra
	Naja philippinensis	North Philippine Spitting Cobra
	Naja sagittifera	Andaman Cobra
	Naja samarensis	Peter`s Cobra
	Naja siamensis	Indochinese Cobra
	Naja sputatrix	Indonesian Cobra
	Micrurus diastema	Atlantic Coral Snake
	Micrurus nigrocinctus	Black-banded Coral Snake
Gekkonidae	Aeluroscalabotes felinus	Cat-eyed Gecko
(Geckos)	Cnemaspis nigridius	Dark Round-eyed Gecko
	Cyrtodactylus brevipalmatus	Web-footed Slender-toed Gecko
	Cyrtodactylus consobrinus	Peter's Slender-toed Gecko
	Cyrtodactylus peguensis	Leopard Gecko
	Cyrtodactylus pulchellus	Banded Slender-toed Gecko
	Cyrtodactylus quadrivirgatus	Marble Slender-toed Gecko
	Gekko gecko	Tokay
	Hoplodactylus spp.	Sticky-toed Geckos
	Naultinus spp.	New Zealand Tree Geckos
	Phelsuma spp.	Day Geckos
	Uroplatus spp.	Flat-tailed Geckos
Geomydidae	Callagur borneoensis	Painted Batagur
(Box turtles, freshwater turtles),	Cuora amboinensis	Malaysian Box Turtle
,,	Cyclemys dentate	Asian Leaf Tortoise
	Cuora spp.	Box Turtle
	Geoemyda spengleri	Black-breasted Leaf Turtle
	Glytemy mulenbergii	Wood Turtle
	Graptemys spp.	Map Turtles
	Heosemys depressa	Arakan Forest Turtle
	Heosemys grandis	Giant Asian Pond Turtle
	Heosemys spinosa	Spiny Terrapin
	Hieremys annandalii	Yellow-headed Temple Turtle
	Kachuga spp. (except the specied included in the Second Schedule)	Roofed Turtle

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Leucocephalon yuwonoi	Sulawesi Forest Turtle
	Malayems substrijuga	Rice-field Terrapin
	Mauremys annamensis	Annam Leaf Turtle
	Mauremys iversoni	Fujian Pond Turtle
	Mauremys macrocephala	Big-headed Pond Turtle
	Mauremys mutica	Yellow Pond Turtle
	Mauremys nigricans	Red-necked Pond Turtle
	Mauremys pritchardi	Pritchard's Pond Turtle
	Mauremys reevesii	Reeve's Turtle
	Mauremys sinensis	Chinese Stripe-necked Turtle
	Notochelys platynota	Malayan Flat-shelled Turtle
	Ocadia glyphistoma	Notch-mouthed Stripe- necked Turtle
	Ocadia philippeni	Philippen's Stripe-necked Turtle
	Orlitia bornensis	Malaysia Giant Tortoise
	Sacalia bealei	Beal's Eyed Turtle
	Sacalia pseudocellata	Chinese False-eyed Turtle
	Sacalia quadriocellata	Four-eyed Turtle
	Siebenrockiella crassicollis	Black Marsh Turtle
	Sibenrockiella leytensis	Leyte Pond Turtle
	Terrapene spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	American Box Turtle
Helodermatidae (Beaded lizard, gila monster)	Heloderma spp.	Poisonous lizards
Iguanidae	Amblyrhynchus cristatus	Galapagos Marine Iguana
(Iguanas)	Conolophus spp.	Land iguanas
	Iguana spp.	Iguanas
	Phrynosoma coronatum	Coast Horned Lizard
Lacertidae	Podarcis lilfordi	Balearic Lizard
(Lizards)	Podarcis pityusensis	Ibiza Wall Lizard
Loxocemidae (Mexican Dwarf Boa)	Loxocemus spp.	Burrowing Python

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Pelomedusidae (Afro-American side necked turtles)	Erymnochelys madagascariensis	Madagascar Big-headed Turtle
	Peltocephalus dumeriliana	Big-headed Amazon River Turtle
	Podocnemis spp.	South American River Turtle
Platysternidae (Big-headed turtle)	Platysternon megacephalum	Big-headed Turtle
Pythonidae	Python reticulatus	Reticulated Python
(Pythons)	Antaresia spp.	
	Apodora papuana	Papuan Python
	Aspidites spp.	
	Bothrochilus boa	Barred Python
	Leiopython albertisii	White-lipped Python
	Liasis spp.	
	Morelia spp	
	Python spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Pythons
Scincidae	Corucia zebrata	Prehensile-tailed Skink
(Skink)	Sphenomorphus praesignis	Blotched Forest Skink
	Sphenomorphus stellatus	Starry Forest Skink
Teiidae	Crocodilurus amazonicus	Crocodile Tegu
(Caiman lizards, tegu lizards)	Dracaena spp.	Caiman Lizards
	Tupinambis spp.	Tegu Lizards
Testudinidae (Tortoises)	Indotestudo elongata	Yellow-headed Tortoise
	Manouria emys	Brown Asian Giant Tortoise
	Manouria impressa	Impressed Tortoise
	Chersina angulata	Angulated Tortoise
	Geochelone spp.(except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Tortoise
	Gopherus spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Tortoise
	Homopus spp.	
	Indotestudo spp.	
	Kinixys spp.	
	Malacochersus tornieri	African Pancake Tortoise
	Manouria spp.	Tortoise
	Psammobates spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Tortoise
	Testudo spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Tortoise

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Trionychidae (Softshell turtles, terrapins)	Amyda cartilaginea	Asiatic Soft-shelled Turtle
	Chitra chitra	Striped Giant Soft-shelled Turtle
	Dogania subplana	Malayan Soft-shelled Tortoise
	Pelochelys cantorii	Malayan Soft-shelled Tortoise
	Chitra spp.	Narrow-headed Soft-shelled Turtles
	Lissemys punctata	Spotted Turtle
	Lissemys scutata	
	Palea steindachner	Wattle-necked Soft-shelled Turtle
	Pelochelys spp.	Giants Soft-shelled Turtles
	Pelodiscus axenaria	Chinese Soft-shelled Turtle
	Pelodiscus maackii	
	Pelodiscus parviformis	
	Rafetus swinhoei	
Tropidophiidae	Exilibao placata	Oaxacan Dwarf Boa
(Wood boas)	Trachyboa spp.	Eyelash Boas
	Tropidophis spp.	Dwarf Boas
	Ungaliophis spp.	
Varanidae	Varanus salvator	Water monitor
(Monitor lizards)	Varanus spp. (except the species included in the Second Schedule)	Monitor Lizards
Viperidae	Calloselasma rhodostoma	Malayan Pit Viper
(Vipers)	Ovophis monticola convictus	Mountain Pit Viper
	Popeia bunianae	Tioman Pit Viper
	Trimeresurus albolabris albolabris	White-lipped Pit Viper
	Trimeresurus borneensis	Bamboo Pit Viper
	Trimeresurus hageni	Indonesian Pit Viper
	Trimeresurus popeiorum	Pope's Pit Viper
	Trimeresurus puniceus	Bornean Pit Viper
	Trimeresurus purpureomaculatus	Mangrove Pit Viper
	Trimeresurus sumatranus	Sumatran Pit Viper
	Tropidolaemus wagleri	Wagler's Pit Viper
	Crotalus durissus	Cascabel Pit Viper
	Daboia russelii	Russell's Viper
	Vipera wagneri	Wagner's Viper

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Xenopeltidae (Snake)	Xenopeltis unicolor	Sunbeam Snake
Xenosauridae (Chinese crocodile lizard)	Shinisaurus crocodilurus	Chinese Crocodile Lizard
	CLASS AMPHIBIA (AMPHIBIA	NS)
Ambystomidae	Ambystoma dumerilii	Lake Patzcuaro Salamander
(Salamander, Axolotls)	Ambystoma mexicanum	Axolotl
Bufonidae	Ansonia leptopus	Brown Slender Toad
(Toads)	Ansonia penangensis	Penang Stream Toad
	Ansonia tiomanica	Tioman Slender Toad
	Bufo kumquat	Peat Swamp Toad
	Kalophrynus palmatissimus	Black-spotted Narrow- mouthed Frog
Dendrobatidae	Dendrobates spp.	Poison Frogs
(Poison frogs)	Epipedobates spp.	Poison Frogs
	Minyobates spp.	Poison Frogs
	Phyllobates spp.	Poison Frogs
Mantellidae (Mantellas)	Mantella spp.	Golden Frogs
Megophryidae	Megophrys nasuta	Bornean Horned Frog
(Toad frogs)	Xenophrys aceras	Perak Spadefoot Toad
	Xenophrys longipes	Long-legged Horned Frog
Microhylidae (Red rain frog, tomato	Kalophrynus palmatissimus	Black-spotted Narrow- mouthed Frog
frog)	Kalophrynus robinson	
	Scaphiophryne gottlebei	Red Rain Frog
Myobatrachidae (Gastric brooding frog)	Rheobatrachus spp.	Gastric-brooding Frogs
Rhacophoridae	Nyctixalus pictus	Cinnamon Frog
(Old world tree frogs)	Polypedates colletti	Collett's Tree Frog
	Rhacophorus nigropalmatus	Wallace's Flying Frog
	Rhacophorus pardalis	Harlequin Tree Frog
	Rhacophorus prominanus	Malayan Flying Frog
	Rhacophorus reinwardtii	Reinwardt's Tree Frog
Ranidae	Amalops larutensis	Larut Cascade Frog
(Frogs)	Limnonectes blythii	Blyth's River Frog
	Limnonectes malesianus	Peat Swamp Frog
	Limnonectes nitidus	Brightness Frog
	Limnonectes paramacrodon	Lesser Swamp Frog
	Limnonectes tweediei	Tweedie's Frog
	Rana banjarana	

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Rana erythraea	Common Green Frog
	Rana hosii	Hose's Rock Frog
	Rana picturata	Spotted Stream Frog
	Rana raniceps	White-lipped Frog
	Euphlyctis hexadactylus	Green Pond Frog
	Hoplobatrachus tigerinus	Tiger Frog
	CLASS ARACHNIDA (SPIDER	S)
Theraphosidae	Avicularia avicularia	Pinktoe tarantula
(Red-kneed tarantulas, tarantulas)	Coremiocnemis spp.	Asian birdeater
tarantoras)	Cyriopagopus schoidetii	
	Cyriopagopus thorelli	
	Haplopelma lividum	
	Liphistius malayanus	
	Lygronathus robustus	
	Lampropelma violaceopes	
	Aphonopelma albiceps	
	Aphonopelma pallidum	
	Brachypelma spp.	
	CLASS INSECTA (INSECTS)	
Bacillidae (Nymph)	Heteropteryx dilatata	Malayan Jungle Nymph
Danaidae	Idea hypermnestra	Tree Nymph
(Milkweed butterflies)	Idea iasonia	Tree Nymph
	Idea lynceus	Tree Nymph
Cicadidae	Ambragaeana ambra	Cicada
(Cicadas, Locusts)	Angamiana floridula	Cicada
	Ayuthia spectabile	Cicada
	Huechys sanguinea	Cicada
	Pomponia adusta	Cicada
	Pomponia imperatoria	Malaysian Giant Cicada
Fulgoridae	Aphaena aurantia	Lanternfly
(Lanternfly)	Aphaena submaculata	Lanternfly
	Pyrops spp.	Lanternfly
	Scamandra sanguiflua	Lanternfly
Heteronemiidae (Walking	Phaenopharos struthioneus	Stick insect
stick)	Tagesoidea nigrofasciata	Stick insect
Hymenopodidae (Flower mantids)	Hymenopus coronatus	Orchid Mantis

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Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Lucanidae (Cape stag beetles)	Colophon spp.	Cape Stag Beetles
Mantidae (Praying mantid)	Deroplatys spp.	Mantid
Nymphalidae (Butterflies)	Agatasa calydonia	Glorios Begum
	Charaxes spp.	Rajah Butterfly
	Danaus affins	Tiger Butterfly
	Enispe intermedia	Saytrid Butterfly
	Idea leuconoe	Paper Kite
	Polyura eudamippus	Great Nawab
	Polyura schreiber	Nawab
	Zeuxidia aurelius	Satyrid Butterfly
	Enispe intermedia	Satyrid Butterfly
	Kallima paralekta	Indian Leaf
	Prothoe franck	Nyamphalid Butterfly
Papilionidae	Chilasa agestor	Mime Butterfly
(Birdwing butterflies, swallowtail butterflies)	Gryllacris spp.	Giant Cricket
sware waar eacermes)	Lamproptera curius	White Dragontail
	Lamproptera meges	Green Dragontail
	Ornithoptera spp. (except species listed in the Second Schedule)	Birdwing
	Papilio mahadeva	Burmese Raven
	Papilio palinurus	Banded Peacock
	Parnassius apollo	Apollo Butterfly
	Teinopalpus spp.	Kaiserihinds
	Trogonoptera spp.	Birdwing Butterflies
	Troides spp.	Birdwing Butterflies
	Atrophaneura jophon	Sri Lanka Rose
	Atrophaneura pandiyana	
	Bhutanitis spp.	Bhutan Swallowtails
Phyllidae	Phyllium giganteum	Leaf Insect
(Leaf insects)	Phyllium pulchifolium	Leaf Insect
c	LASS HIRUDINOIDEA (LEECH	IES)
Hirudinidae (Medicinal leech)	Hirudo medicinalis	Medicinal Leech
CLASS	GASTROPODA (SNAILS AND C	CONCHES)
Camaenidae (Green tree snail)	Papustyla pulcherrima	Emerald Green Snail

SECOND SCHEDULE [section 3]

TOTALLY PROTECTED WILDLIFE

Interpretation of the Second Schedule

- 1. Species included in this Schedule are referred to-
 - (a) by the name of the species; or
 - (b) as being all of the species included in a higher taxon or designated part thereof.
- 2. The abbreviation "spp." is used to denote all species of a higher taxon.
- 3. Other references to taxa higher than species are for the purposes of information or classification only. The common names included after the scientific names of families are for reference only. They are intended to indicate the species within the family concerned that are included in this Schedule. In most cases this is not all of the species within the family.
- 4. Where there is conflict between a scientific term and a common term in the use of the name of any species in this Schedule, the scientific term shall prevail.

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
C	CLASS MAMMALIA (MAMMA	LS)
Ailuridae (Panda)	Ailurus fulgens	Lesser Panda
Antilocapridae (Pronghorn)	Antilocapra americana	Mexican Pronghorn
Atelidae (Howling Monkeys, Spider	Alouatta coibensis	Coiba Island Howling Monkey
Monkeys, Woolly Monkeys)	Alouatta palliata	Mantled Howling Monkey
momeys)	Alouatta pigra	Guatemalan Howling Monkey
	Ateles geoffroyi frontatus	Black-browed Spider Monkey
	Ateles geoffroyi panamensis	Panama Spider Monkey
	Brachyteles arachnoids	Woolly Spider Monkey
	Chiropotes albinasus	Red-nosed Saki
	Oreonax flavicauda	Yellow-tailed Woolly Monkey
Bovidae (Antelopes, cattle, duikers, gazelles,goats, sheep)	Bos gaurus	Malayan Gaur

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Bos javanicus	Banteng
	Capricornis sumatraensis	Mainland Serow
	Addax nasomaculatus	Addax
	Bos mutus	Wild Yak
	Bos sauveli	Kouprey
	Bubalus depressicornis	Anoa
	Bubalus mindorensis	Tamaraw
	Bubalus quarlesi	Mountain Anoa
	Capra falconeri	Markhor
	Capricornis spp.	Serow
	Cephalophus jentinki	Jentink's Duiker
	Gazella cuvieri	Cuvier's Gazelle
	Gazella leptoceros	Sand Gazelle
	Hippotragus niger variani	Giant Sable Antelope
	Naemorhedus baileyi	Red Goral
	Naemorhedus caudatus	Chinese Goral
	Naemorhedus goral	Himalayan Goral
	Naemorhedus griseus	South China Goral
	Nanger dama	Addra Gazelle
	Oryx dammah	Sahara Oryx
	Oryx leucoryx	Arabian Oryx
	Ovis ammon hodgsonii	Great Tibetan Sheep
	Ovis ammon nigrimontana	Asian Wild Sheep
	Ovis orientalis ophion	Cyprian Wild Sheep
	Ovis vignei vignei	Ladakh Urial
	Pantholops hodgsonii	Chiru
	Pseudoryx nghetinhensis	Saola
	Rupicapra pyrenaica ornata	Pyrenean Chamois
Camelidae (Guanaco, Vicugna)	Vicugna vicugna (except the populations of Argentina, Bolivia, Chile and Peru)	Vicugna
Canidae	Cuon alpinus	Asiatic Wild Dog
(Bush dog, foxes, wolves)	Canis lupus (only the populations of Bhutan, India, Nepal and Pakistan included in Second Schedule)	Common Wolf
	Speothos venaticus	Bush Dog
Cebidae	Callimico goeldii	Goeldi's Marmoset
(Marmosets, tamarins)	Callithrix aurita	Buffy-tufted-ear Marmoset
	Callithrix flaviceps	Buffy-headed Marmoset
	Leontopithecus spp.	Lion tamarins
	Saguinus bicolor	Bare-faced Tamarin
	Saguinus geoffroyi	Cotton-top Marmoset
	Saguinus leucopus	White-footed Tamarin
	Saguinus martinsi	Martin's Bare-faced Tamarin

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Saguinus oedipus	Cotton-headed Tamarin
	Saimiri oerstedii	Central American Squirrel Monkey
Cercopithecidae	Macaca arctoides	Stump-tailed Macaque
(Old world monkeys)	Nasalis larvatus	Proboscis Monkey
	Cercocebus galeritus	Tana River Mangabey
	Cercopithecus diana	Diana Guenon
	Cercopithecus roloway	Roloway Monkey
	Macaca silenus	Lion-tailed Macaque
	Mandrillus leucophaeus	Drill
	Mandrillus sphinx	Mandrill
	Nasalis spp.	Long-nosed Monkey
	Piliocolobus kirkii	Kirk's Colobus
	Piliocolobus rufomitratus	Tana River Red Colobus
	Presbytis potenziani	Long-tailed Langur
	Pygathrix spp.	Snub-nosed Monkeys
	Rhinopithecus avunculus	Tonkin Snub-nosed Monkey
	Rhinopithecus bieti	Yunnan Snub-nosed Monkey
	Rhinopithecus brelichi	Brelich's Snub-nosed Monkey
	Semnopithecus spp.	Grey Langur
	Trachypithecus geei	Golden Langur
	Trachypithecus pileatus	Bonneted Langur
	Trachypithecus shortridgei	Shortridge's Langur
Cervidae	Axis calamianensis	Calamian Deer
(Deer, guemals, muntjacs, pudus)	Axis kuhlii	Bawean Deer
muniques, pudus)	Axis porcinus annamiticus	Ganges Hog Deer
	Blastocerus dichotomus	Marsh Deer
	Cervus elaphus hanglu	Red Deer
	Dama dama mesopotamica	Persian Fallow Deer
	Hippocamelus spp.	Huemuls
	Muntiacus crinifrons	Black Muntjac
	Muntiacus vuquanghensis	Giant Muntjac
	Ozotoceros bezoarticus	Pampas Deer
	Pudu puda	Chilean Pudu
	Rucervus duvaucelii	Swamp Deer
	Rucervus eldii	Brow-antlered Deer
Chaeropodidae (Bandicoots)	Chaeropus ecaudatus	Pig-footed Bandicoot

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Cheirogaleidae	Allocebus trichotis	Hairy-eared Dwarf Lemur
(Dwarf lemurs)	Cheirogaleus spp.	Dwarf Lemur
	0 11	Mouse Lemur
	Microcebus spp.	
	Mirza coquereli	Coquerel's Dwarf Lemur Fork-marked Lemur
CI: 1:11:1 (CI: 1:11)	Phaner spp.	
Chinchillidae (Chinchillas)	Chinchilla spp.	Chinchillas
Cynocephalidae (Flying lemurs)	Galeopterus variegatus	Malayan Flying Lemur
Dasypodidae (Armadillos)	Priodontes maximus	Giant Armadillo
Dasyuridae (Dunnarts)	Sminthopsis longicaudata	Long-tailed Dunnart
	Sminthopsis psammophila	Sandhill Dunnart
Daubentoniidae (Aye-aye)	Daubentonia madagascariensis	Aye-aye
Elephantidae (Elephants)	Elephas maximus	Asian Elephant
	Loxodonta Africana (except the populations of Botswana, Namibia, South Africa and Zimbabwe)	African Elephant
Equidae	Equus africanus	African Ass
(Horses, wild asses, zebras)	Equus grevyi	Grevy's Zebra
,	Equus hemionus hemionus	Mongolian Wild Ass
	Equus hemionus khur	Indian Wild Ass
	Equus przewalskii	Mongolian Wild Horse
	Equus zebra zebra	Cape Mountain Zebra
Felidae	Catopuma badia	Bay Cat
(Cats)	Catopuma temminckii	Asian Golden Cat
	Neofelis nebulosa	Clouded Leopard
	Panthera pardus	Leopard
	Panthera tigris	Tiger
	Pardofelis marmorata	Marbled Cat
	Prionailurus bengalensis	Leopard Cat
	Prionailurus planiceps	Flat-headed Cat
	Acinonyx jubatus	Cheetah
	Caracal caracal (Asian population, other than populations included in the First Schedule)	Caracal
	Felis nigripes	Black-footed Cat
	Leopardus geoffroyi	Geoffroy's Cat
	Leopardus jacobita	Andean Cat
	Leopardus pardalis	Ocelot
	Leopardus tigrinus	Little Spotted Cat
	Leopardus wiedii	Margay

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Lynx pardinus	Iberian Lynx
	Panthera leo persica	Asiatic Lion
	Panthera onca	Jaguar
	Prionailurus rubiginosus	Rusty-spotted Cat
	Prionailurus viverrinus	Fishing Cat
	Puma concolor coryi	Florida Cougar
	Puma concolor costaricensis	Central American Puma
	Puma concolor couguar	Eastern Cougar
	Puma yagouaroundi (only population of North and Central America, other than populations included in the First Schedule)	Eyra Cat
	Uncia uncia	Snow Leopard
Herpestidae (Mongooses)	Herpestes brachyurus	Short-tailed Mongoose
	Herpestes edwardsii	Indian Grey Mongoose
	Herpestes javanicus	Small Asian Mongoose
	Herpestes urva	Crab-eating Mongoose
Heteromyidae	Dipodomys elator	Texas Kangaroo Rat
(Kangaroo rat)	Dipodomys gravipes	San Quintin Kangaroo Rat
	Dipodomys ingens	Giant Kangaroo Rat
	Dipodomys insularis	San Jose Island Kangaroo Rat
	Dipodomys margaritae	Margarita Island Kangaroo Rat
	Dipodomys nitratoides	San Joaquin Kangaroo Rat
	Dipodomys spectabilis	Banner-tailed Kangaroo Rat
	Dipodomys stephensi	Stephen's Kangaroo Rat
Hominidae (Chimpanzees,	Pongo pygmaeus	Bornean Orang Utan
gorilla, orang utan)	Gorilla beringei	Eastern Gorilla
	Gorilla gorilla	Gorilla
	Pan spp.	Chimpanzees
	Pongo abelii	Sumatran Orang Utan
Hylobatidae	Hylobates agilis	Agile Gibbon
(Gibbons)	Hylobates lar	White-handed Gibbon
	Hylobates muelleri	Borneon Gibbon
	Symphalangus syndactylus	Siamang
	Bunopithecus hoolock	Hoolock Gibbon
	Hylobates spp.	Gibbons
	Nomascus spp.	Gibbon

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Hystricidae (Crested porcupine)	Trichys fasciculate	Long-tailed Porcupine
Indriidae	Avahi laniger	Eastern Woolly Lemur
(Avahi, indris, sifakas, woolly lemurs)	Avahi occidentalis	Western Avahi
sitakas, woony teniurs)	Avahi unicolor	Unicoloured Avahi
	Indri indri	Indris
	Propithecus spp.	Sifakas
Lemuridae	Eulemur spp.	Lemurs
(Large lemurs)	Hapalemur spp.	Lemurs
	Lemur spp.	Lemurs
	Lemuridae spp.	Lemur
	Prolemur simus	Greater Bamboo Lemur
	Varecia rubra	Red Ruffed Lemur
	Varecia variegata	Ruffed Lemur
Lepilemuridae	Lepilemur spp.	Sportive Lemurs
(Sportive lemurs)	Megaladapidae spp.	Sportive Lemurs
Leporidae (Hispid hare,	Caprolagus hispidus	Assam Rabbit
volcano rabbit)	Romerolagus diazi	Volcano Rabbit
Lorisidae	Nycticebus coucang	Slow Loris
(Loris)	Nycticebus bengalensis	Bengal Slow Loris
	Nycticebus pygmaeus	Lesser Slow Loris
	Nycticebus spp.	Slow Loris
Macropodidae (Kangaroos,	Dendrolagus spp.	Tree Kangaroos
wallabies)	Lagorchestes hirsutus	Rufous Hare-wallaby
	Lagostrophus fasciatus	Banded Hare-wallaby
	Onychogalea fraenata	Bridled Nailtail Wallaby
	Onychogalea lunata	Crescent Nailtail Wallaby
Manidae (Pangolins)	Manis javanica	Malayan Pangolin
	Manis spp.	Pangolin
Moschidae (Musk deer)	Moschus spp. (only populations of Afghanistan, Bhutan, India, Myanmar, Nepal and Pakistan, other than populations included in the First Schedule)	Musk Deer
Muridae	Leporillus conditor	Greater Stick-nest Rat
(Mice, rats)	Pseudomys fieldi praeconis	Alice Springs Mouse
	Xeromys myoides	False Swamp Rat
	Zyzomys pedunculatus	Central Rock Rat

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Mustelidae	Aonyx cinerea	Small-clawed Otter
(Badgers, martens, otters,	Lutra lutra	Common Otter
skunks, weasels, etc.)	Lutra sumatrana	Hairy-nosed Otter
, custis, every	Lutrogale perspicillata	Smooth Otter
	Aonyx capensis microdon (only the populations of Cameroon and Nigeria, other than populations included in the First Schedule)	Cameroon Clawless Otter
	Enhydra lutris nereis	California Sea Otter
	Lontra felina	Marine Otter
	Lontra longicaudis	Long-tailed Otter
	Lontra provocax	Southern River Otter
	Luntra Nippon	Otter
	Martes flavigula	Yellow-throated Marten
	Mustela nudipes	Malay Weasel
	Martes gwatkinsii	Nilgiri Marten
	Mustela nigripes	Black-footed Ferret
	Pteronura brasiliensis	Giant Otter
Peramelidae (Bandicoots)	Perameles bougainville	Barred Bandicoot
Pitheciidae	Cacajao spp.	Uakaris
(Uakaris, saki)	Chiropotes albinasus	White-nosed Bearded Saki
Potoroidae	Bettongia spp.	Rat-kangaroos
(Rat-kangaroos)	Caloprymnus campestris	Desert Rat-kangaroo
Pteropodidae	Acerodon jubatus	Golden-capped Fruit Bat
(Fruit bats, flying foxes)	Pteropus insularis	Chuuk Flying-fox
Trying Toxes)	Pteropus loochoensis	Japanese Flying-fox
	Pteropus mariannus	Marianas Flying-fox
	Pteropus molossinus	Rodrigues Flying-fox
	Pteropus pelewensis	Palau Flying-fox
	Pteropus pilosus	Large Palau Flying-fox
	Pteropus samoensis	Samoan Flying-fox
	Pteropus tonganus	Insular Flying-fox
	Pteropus ualanus	Kosrae Flying-fox
	Pteropus yapensis	Yap Flying-fox
Rhinocerotidae	Dicerorhinus sumatrensis	Sumatran Rhinoceros
(Rhinoceroses)	Rhinoceros sondaicus	Javan Rhinoceros
	Ceratotherum simum simum (except populations of South Africa and Swaziland included in the First Schedule)	Southern Square-lipped Rhinoceros

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Ceratotherum simum cottoni	Northern Square-lipped Rhinoceros
	Diceros bicornis	Black Rhinoceros
	Rhinoceros unicornis	Great Indian Rhinoceros
Sciuridae	Aeromys tephromelas	Large Black Flying Squirrel
(Ground squirrels, tree squirrels)	Callosciurus prevostii	Prevost's Squirrel
squirieis)	Hylopetes lepidus	Grey-cheeked Flying Squirrel
	Hylopetes spadiceus	Red-cheeked Flying Squirrel
	Iomys horsfieldii	Horsfield's Flying Squirrel
	Petaurillus kinlochii	Selangor Pygmy Flying Squirrel
	Petaurista elegans	Spotted Giant Flying Squirrel
	Petaurista petaurista	Red Giant Flying Squirrel
	Petinomys genibarbis	Whiskered Flying Squirrel
	Petinomys setosus	Temminck's Flying Squirrel
	Petinomys vordermanni	Vordermann's Flying Squirrel
	Pteromyscus pulverulentus	Smoky Flying Squirrel
	Ratufa affinis	Cream-coloured Giant Squirrel
	Ratufa bicolor	Black Giant Squirrel
	Cynomys mexicanus	Prairie Dog
Suidae	Sus barbatus	Bearded Pig
(Babirusa, pygmy hog)	Babyrousa babyrussa	Babiroussa
8)	Babyrousa bolabatuensis	Bola Batu Babirusa
	Babyrousa celebensis	North Sulawesi Babirusa
	Babyrousa togeanensis	Malenge Babirusa
	Sus salvanius	Pygmy Hog
Tapiridae (Tapirs)	Tapirus indicus	Asian Tapir
	Tapirus bairdii	Baird's Tapir
	Tapirus pinchaque	Andean Tapir
	Tapirus terrestris	Lowland Tapir
Tayassuidae (Peccaries)	Catagonus wagneri	Chacoan Peccary
Thylacinidae (Tasmanian wolf, thylacine)	Thylacinus cynocephalus	Tasmanian Tiger
Thylacomyidae	Macrotis lagotis	Bilby
(Bilby)	Macrotis leucura	Lesser Bilby

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Ursidae (Bears, pandas)	Helarctos malayanus	Malayan Sun Bear
(bears, pandas)	Ailuropoda melanoleuca	Giant Panda
	Melursus ursinus	Sloth Bear
	Tremarctos ornatus	Andean Bear
	Ursus arctos (only populations of Bhutan, China, Mexico and Mongolia)	Brown Bear
	Ursus arctos isabellinus	Himalayan Brown Bear
	Ursus thibetanus	Asian Black Bear
	Ursus maritimus	Polar Bear
Viverridae	Arctictis binturong	Binturong
(Otter civet, binturong, civets,	Arctogalidia trivirgata	Small-toothed Palm Civet
linsang, palm civet)	Cynogale bennettii	Otter civet
	Hemigalus derbyanus	Banded Musang
	Paguma larvata	Masked Palm Civet
	Prionodon linsang	Banded Linsang
	Prionodon pardicolor	Spotted Linsang
	Viverra zibetha	Large Indian Civet
Vombatidae (Northern hairy-nosed wombat)	Lasiorhinus krefftii	Northern Hairy-nosed Wombat
	CLASS AVES (BIRDS)	
Accipitridae	Accipiter badius	Shikra Goshawk
(Hawks, Eagles)	Accipiter gularis	Japanese Sparrowhawk
	Accipiter soloensis	Chinese Goshawk
	Accipiter trivirgatus	Crested Goshawk
	Accipiter virgatus	Besra
	Aegypius monachus	Cinereous Vulture
	Aquila clanga	Greater Spotted Eagle
	Aquila heliaca	Imperial Eagle
	Aquila nipalensis	Steppe Eagle
	Aviceda jerdoni	Jerdon's Baza
	Aviceda leuphotes	Black Baza
	Butastur indicus	Grey-faced Buzzard Eagle
	Buteo buteo	Common Buzzard
	Circaetus gallicus	Short-toed Eagle
	Circus aeruginosus	Western Marsh Harrier
	Circus cyaneus	Northern harrier
	1	1

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Circus melanoeucos	Pied Harrier
	Circus spilonotus	Eastern Marsh Harrier
	Elanus caerulens	Black-shouldered Kite
	Gyps bengalensis	White-rumped Vulture
	Gyps himalayansis	Himalayan Griffon
	Gyps indicus	Long-billed Vulture
	Haliaeetus leucogaster	White-bellied Sea-eagle
	Haliastur indus	Brahminy Kite
	Hiraaetus kieneri	Rufous-bellied Hawk-eagle
	Hiraaetus pennatus	Booted Hawk-eagle
	Ichthyophaga humilis	Lesser Fish Eagle
	Ichthyophaga ichthyaetus	Grey-headed Fish Eagle
	Ictinaetus malayensis	Black Eagle
	Machearhamphus alcinus	Bat Hawk
	Milvus migrans	Black-eared Kite
	Pernis ptylorhynchus	Crested Honey Buzzard
	Sarcogyps calvus	Red-Headed Vulture
	Spilornis cheela	Serpent Eagle
	Spilornis kinabaluensis	Mountain Serpent-eagle
	Spizaetus alboniger	Blythe's Hawk-eagle
	Spizaetus cirrhatus	Changeable Hawk-eagle
	Spizaetus nanus	Wallace's Hawk-eagle
	Spizaetus nipalensis	Mountain Hawk-eagle
	Accipiter spp.	Goshawk
	Aquila adalberti	Adalbert's Eagle
	Aquila spp.	Eagles
	Asturina nitida	Grey-lined Hawk
	Aviceda spp.	Cuckoo-hawks
	Busarellus nigricollis	Black-collared Hawk
	Butastur spp.	Buzzard
	Buteo spp.	Common Buzzard
	Buteogallus spp.	Great Black-hawks
	Chelictinia riocourii	African Swallow-tailed Kite
	Chondrohierax spp.	Kite
	Chondrohierax uncinatus wilsonii	Cuban Hook-billed Kite
	Circaetus spp.	Snake Eagles
	Circus spp.	Harriers
	Dryotriorchis spectabilis	African Serpent-eagle

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Elanoides forficatus	Swallow-tailed Kite
	Elanus spp.	Kite
	Erythrotriorchis buergersi	Chestnut-shouldered Hawk
	Erythrotriorchis radiatus	Red Goshawk
	Eutriorchis astur	Madagascar Serpent-eagle
	Gampsonyx swainsonii	Pearl Kite
	Geranoaetus melanoleucus	Black-chested Buzzard- eagle
	Geranospiza caerulescens	Crane Hawk
	Gypaetus barbatus	Bearded Vulture
	Gypohierax angolensis	Vulturine Fish-eagle
	Gyps spp.	Vultures
	Haliaeetus albicilla	Grey Sea-eagle
	Haliaeetus spp.	Sea-eagle
	Haliastur sphenurus	Whistling Eagle
	Hamirostra melanosternon	Black-breasted Buzzard Kite
	Harpagus bidentatus	Black-breasted Buzzard Kite
	Harpagus diodon	Rufous-thighed Kite
	Harpia harpyja	Harpy Eagle
	Harpyhaliaetus spp.	Eagles
	Henicopernis infuscatus	Black Honey-buzzard
	Henicopernis longicauda	Long-tailed Honey-buzzard
	Hieraaetus spp.	Hawk-eagles
	Ictnia mississippiensis	Mississippi Kite
	Ictnia plumbea	Plumbeous Kite
	Kaupifalco monogrammicus	Lizard Buzzard
	Leptodon cayanensis	Grey-headed Kite
	Leucopternis spp.	Hawks
	Lophaetus occipitalis	Long-crested Eagle
	Lophoictinia isura	Square-tailed Kite
	Megatriorchis doriae	Doria's Goshawk
	Melierax spp.	Goshawk
	Milvus spp.	Kite
	Morphnus guianensis	Crested Eagle
	Necrosyrtes monachus	Hooded Vulture
	Neophron percnopterus	Egyptian Vulture
	Oroaetus isidori	Black and Chestnut Eagle
	Parabuteo unicinctus	Bay-winged Hawk
	Pernis spp.	Buzzard

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Pithecophaga jefferyi	Great Philippine Eagle
	Polemaetus bellicosus	Martial Eagle
	Polyboroides radiatus	Madagascar Gymnogene
	Polyboroides typus	African Gymnogene
	Rostrhamus hamatus	Slender-billed Kite
	Rostrhamus sociabilis	Snail Kite
	Spilornis spp.	Eagle
	Spizaetus spp.	Hawk-eagle
	Stephanoaetus coronatus	African Crowned Eagle
	Terathopius ecaudatus	Bateleur Eagle
	Torgos tracheliotus	Lappet-faced Vulture
	Trigonoceps occipitalis	White-headed Vulture
	Urotriorchis macrourus	African Long-tailed Hawk
Alaudidae (Skylark)	Alauda gulgula	Oriental Skylark
Alcedinidae	Alcedo atthis	Common kingfisher
(Alcedinid Kingfishers)	Alcedo euryzona	Blue-banded Kinfisher
·····g·······	Alcedo meninting	Blue-eared Kingfisher
	Ceyx erithacus	Oriental Dwarf Kingfisher
	Halcyon chloris	Collared Kingfisher
	Halcyon coromanda	Ruddy Kingfisher
	Halcyon pileata	Black-capped Kingfisher
	Halcyon smyrnensis	White-throated Kingfisher
	Lacedo pulchella	Banded Kingfisher
	Pelargopsis amauroptera	Brown-winged Kingfisher
	Pelargopsis capensis	Stork-billed Kingfisher
	Todiramphus sanctus	Sacred Kingfisher
	Actenoides concretus	Rufous-collored Kingfisher
Anatidae	Anas acuta	Northern Pintail
(Duck, Geese, Swans)	Anas clypeata	Shoveller
Swaiis)	Anas crecca	Common Teal
	Anas penelope	Eurasian Wigeon
	Anas platyrhynchos	Mallard
	Anas querquedula	Garganey Teal
	Aythya fuligula	Tufted duck
	Cairina scutulata	White-winged Wood Duck
	Dendrocygna arcuata	Wandering Whistling Duck
	Dendrocygna javanica	Indian Whistling Duck
	Nettapus coromandelianus	Cotton Teal
	Anas aucklandica	Brown Teal

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Anas laysanensis	Laysan Duck
	Anas oustaleti	Marianas Island Duck
	Branta canadensis leucopareia	Aleutian Canada Goose
	Branta sandvicensis	Hawaiian Goose
	Rhodonessa caryophyllacea	Pink-headed Duck
Anhingidae (Darters)	Anhinga melanogaster	Oriental Darter
Apodidae	Aerodramus brevirosrtris	Himalayan Swiftlet
(Typical Swifts)	Aerodramus salanganus	Mossy-nest Swiftlet
	Apus affinis	House Swift
	Apus pacificus	Fork-tailed Swift
	Cypsiurus balasiensis	Asian Palm Swift
	Hirundapus caudacutus	White-throated Needletail
	Hirundapus cochinchinensis	White-vented Needletail
	Hirundapus giganteus	Brown Neddletail
	Hydrochous gigas	Waterfall Swiftlet
	Raphidura leucopygialis	Silver-rumped Needletail
Ardeidae	Ardea cinerea	Grey Heron
(Egrets, Herons)	Ardea purpurea	Purple Heron
	Ardea sumatrana	Dusky-grey Heron
	Ardeola bacchus	Chinese Pond Heron
	Ardeola grayii	Indian Pond Heron
	Ardeola speciosa	Javan Pond Heron
	Botaurus stellaris	Great Bittern
	Bubulcus ibis	Cattle Egret
	Casmerodius albus	Great Egret
	Egretta eulophotes	Chinese Egret
	Egretta garzetta	Little Egret
	Egretta sacra	Reef Egret
	Gorsachius melanolophus	Tiger Bittern
	Ixorbrychus cinnamomeus	Cinnamom Bittern
	Ixorbrychus eurhythmus	Schrenck's Bittern
	Ixorbrychus flavicollis	Black Bittern
	Ixorbrychus sinensis	Chinese Little Bittern
	Mesophoyx intermedia	Intermediate Egret
	Nycticorax caledonicus	Rufous Night-Heron
	Nycticorax nycticorax	Black-crowned Night Heron
Atrichornithidae (Scrub-bird)	Atrichornis clamosus	Noisy Scrub-bird
Batrachostomidae (Frogmouth)	Batrachostomus auritus	Large Frogmouth

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Batrachostomus cornutus	Sunda Frogmouth
	Batrachostomus harterti	Dulit Frogmouth
	Batrachostomus javensis	Javan Frogmouth
	Batrachostomus poliolophus	Short-tailed Frogmouth
	Batrachostomus stellatus	Gould's Frogmouth
Bucerotidae	Aceros corrugatus	Wrinkled Hornbill
(Hornbills)	Aceros undulatus	Wreathed Hornbill
	Anorrhinus galeritus	Bushy-crested Hornbill
	Anthracoceros albirostris	Oriental Pied Hornbill
	Anthracoceros coronatus	Pied Hornbill
	Anthracoceros malayanus	Black Horbill
	Buceros bicornis	Great Hornbill
	Buceros rhinoceros	Rhinoceros Hornbill
	Buceros vigil	Helmeted Hornbill
	Berenicornis comatus	White-crowned Hornbill
	Rhynoplax vigil	Helmeted Hornbill
	Rhyticeros subruficollis	Plain Pouched Hornbill
	Aceros nipalensis	Rufous-cheeked Hornbill
	Aceros spp.	Hornbill
	Anorrhinus spp.	Hornbill
	Anthracoceros convexus	Southern Pied Hornbill
	Anthracoceros spp.	Hornbill
	Buceros spp.	Hornbill
	Penelopides spp.	Tarictic hornbill
Burhinidae (Thick-knee)	Esacus magnirostris	Beach Thick-knee
Cacatuidae	Cacatua goffini	Goffin's Cockatoo
(Cockatoos)	Cacatua haematuropygia	Philippine Cockatoo
	Cacatua moluccensis	Moluccan Cockatoo
	Cacatua sulphurea	Yellow-crested Cockatoo
	Probosciger aterrimus	Palm Cockatoo
Campephagidae	Coracina fimbriata	Lesser Cuckoo Shrike
(Cuckooshrikes)	Coracina javensis	Javan Cuckoo Shrike
	Coracina larvata	Sunda Cuckoo-shrike
	Coracina striata	Bar-tailed Cuckoo Shrike
	Hemipus hirundinaceus	Black-winged Flycatcher Shrike
	Hemipus picatus	Bar-winged Flycatcher Shrike
	Lalage nigra	Pied Triller
	Pericrocotus divaricatus	Ashy Minivet

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Pericrocotus flammeus	Scarlet Minivet
	Pericrocotus igneus	Fiery Minivet
	Pericrocotus solaris	Grey-chinned Minivet
	Tephrodornis gularis	Large Wood Shrike
Caprimulgidae	Caprimulgus affinis	Savanah Nightjar
(Nighthawks/Nightjars)	Caprimulgus concretus	Bonarparte's Nightjar
	Caprimulgus indicus	Grey Nighjar
	Caprimulgus macrurus	Large-tail Nightjar
	Eurostopodus temminckii	Malaysian Eared Nightjar
	Eurostopodus macrotis	Giant Eared Nightjar
Cathartidae	Gymnogyps californianus	California Condor
(New world vultures)	Vultur gryphus	Andean Condor
Charadriidae	Charadrius alexandrius	Kentish Plover
(Plovers)	Charadrius dubius	Little-ringed Plover
	Charadrius hiaticula	Common Ringed Plover
	Charadrius leschenaultii	Greater Sand Plover
	Charadrius mongolus	Mongolian Plover
	Charadrius peronii	Malaysian Plover
	Charadrius placidus	Long-billed Plover
	Charadrius veredus	Oriental Plover
	Pluvialis fulva	Pacific Golden Plover
	Pluvialis squatarola	Grey Plover
	Vanellus cinereus	Grey-headed lapwing
	Vanellus indicus	Red-wattled Lapwing
	Vanellus malabaricus	Yellow-wattled Lapwing
Chloropseidae (Leafbirds)	Aegithina lafresnayei	Great Iora
	Aegithina tiphia	Common Iora
	Aegithina viridissima	Green Lora
	Chloropsis cochinchinensis	Blue-winged Leafbird
	Chloropsis cyanopogon	Lesser Green Leafbird
	Chloropsis hardwickii	Orange-bellied Leafbird
	Chloropsis kinabaluensis	Kinabalu Leafbird
	Chloropsis sonnerati	Greater Green Leafbird
Ciconiidae (Storks)	Ciconia boyciana	Japanese White Stork
	Ciconia episcopus	White-necked Stork
	Ciconia stormi	Storm's Stork
	Leptoptilus javanicus	Lesser Adjutant stork
	Mycteria cinerea	Milky Stork
	Mycteria leucocephala	Painted Stork
	Jabiru mycteria	Jabiru

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Columbidae	Caloenas nicobarica	Nicobar Dove
(Doves, Pigeons)	Columba argentina	Silvery Pigeon
	Ducula anea	Green Imperial Pigeon
	Ducula badia	Mountain Imperial Pigeon
	Ducula bicolor	Pied Imperial Pigeon
	Ducula pickeringii	Grey Imperial Pigeon
	Macropygia amboinensis	Ruddy Cuckoo Dove
	Macropygia ruficeps	Little Cuckoo Dove
	Macropygia unchall	Barred Cuckoo Dove
	Ptilinopus jambu	Jambu Fruit Dove
	Ptilinopus melanospila	Black-naped Fruit Dove
	Streptopelia bitorquata	Island Collared Dove
	Streptopelia tranquebarica	Red Turtle Dove
	Treron bicincta	Orange-breasted Green Pigeon
	Treron capellei	Large Green Pigeon
	Treron curvirostra	Thick-billed Green Pigeon
	Treron fulvicollis	Cinnamon-headed Green Pigeon
	Treron sphenura	Wedge-tailed Green Pigeon
	Ducula mindorensis	Mindoro Imperial-Pigeon
Coraciidae	Coracias benghalensis	Indian Roller
(Roller, Dollarbird)	Eurystomus orientalis	Dollarbird
Corvidae	Cissa chinensis	Common Green Magpie
(Quail-thrushes, Whipbirds, Apostle Bird)	Cissa thalassina	Short-tailed Green Magpie
Wilipolius, Apostic Bliu)	Crypsirina temia	Racquet-tailed Treepie
	Dendrocitta cinerascens	Borneon Treepie
	Platylophus galericulatus	Crested Jay
	Platysmurus leucopterus	Black Magpie
Cotingidae	Cotinga maculata	Banded Cotinga
(Cotingas)	Xipholena atropurpurea	White-winged Cotinga
Cracidae (Chachalacas, Currassows, Guans)	Crax blumenbachii	Red-billed Curassow
	Mitu mitu	Alagoas Curassow
	Oreophasis derbianus	Lord Derby's Mountain Pheasant
	Penelope albipennis	White-winged Guan
	Pipile jacutinga	Black-fronted Curassow
	Pipile pipile	Trinidad Piping-Guan

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Cuculidae (Cuckoos)	Cacomantis merulinus	Plaintive Cuckoo
	Cacomantis sepulcralis	Rusty-breasted Cuckoo
	Cacomantis sonneratti	Banded-bay Cuckoo
	Carpococcyx radiatus	Borneon Ground Cuckoo
	Centropus bengalensis	Lesser Coucal
	Centropus rectunguis	Short-toed Coucal
	Centropus sinensis	Greater Coucal
	Chrysococcyx basalis	Horsfield's Bronze Cuckoo
	Chrysococcyx maculatus	Asian Emerald Cuckoo
	Chrysococcyx minutillus	Little Bronze Cuckoo
	Chrysococcyx russatus	Gould's Bronze Cuckoo
	Chrysococcyx xanthorhychus	Violet Cuckoo
	Clamator coromandus	Chestnut-winged Cuckoo
	Cuculus merulinus	Plaintive Cuckoo
	Cuculus micropterus	Indian Cuckoo
	Cuculus saturatus	Oriental Cuckoo
	Eudynamys scolopacea	Common Coel
	Hierococcyx fugax	Malaysian Hawk Cuckoo
	Hierococcyx hyperythrus	Northern Hawk Cuckoo
	Hierococcyx nisicolor	Hodgson's Hawk Cuckoo
	Hierococcyx sparveriodes	Large Hawk Cuckoo
	Hierococcyx vagans	Moustached Hawk Cuckoo
	Phaenicophaeus chlorophaeus	Raffles Malkoha
	Phaenicophaeus curvirostris	Chestnut-breasted Malkoha
	Phaenicophaeus diardi	Black-bellied Malkoha
	Phaenicophaeus javanicus	Red-billed Malkoha
	Phaenicophaeus sumatranus	Chestnut-bellied Malkoha
	Phaenicophaeus tristis	Green-billed Malkoha
	Surniculus lugubris	Drongo Cuckoo
Dicaeidae (Flowerpeckers)	Dicaeum agile	Thicked-billed Flowerpecker
	Dicaeum chrysorrheum	Yellow- vented Flowerpecker
	Dicaeum concolor	Plain Flowerpecker
	Dicaeum cruentatum	Scarlet-backed Flowerpecker
	Dicaeum everetti	Brown-backed Flowerpecker
	Dicaeum ignipectus	Buff-bellied Flowerpecker
	Dicaeum monticolum	Black-side Flowerpecker

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Dicaeum trigonostigma	Orange-bellied Flowerpecker
	Prionochilus maculatus	Yellow-breasted Flowerpacker
	Prionochilus percussus	Crimson-breasted Flowerpacker
	Prionochilus thoracicus	Scarlet-breasted Flowerpacker
	Prionochilus xanthopygius	Yellow-breasted Flowerpacker
Dicruridae	Dicrurus aeneus	Bronzed Drongo
(Drongos)	Dicrurus annectans	Crow-billed Drongo
	Dicrurus hottentottus	Spangled Drongo
	Dicrurus leucophaeus	Ashy Drongo
	Dicrurus macrocercus	Black Drongo
	Dicrurus paradiseus	Greater Racquet-tailed Drongo
	Dicrurus remifer	Lesser Racquet-tailed Drongo
Diomedeidae (Albatross)	Diomedea albatrus	Short-tailed Albatross
Emberizidae	Emberiza aureola	Yellow-breasted Bunting
(Cardinals, Tanagers)	Emberiza fucata	Chestnut-eared Bunting
ranagers)	Emberiza melanocephala	Black-headed Bunting
	Emberiza pusilla	Little Bunting
Eurylaimidae	Calyptomena hosei	Hose's Broadbill
(Broadbills)	Calyptomena viridis	Green broadbill
	Calyptomena whiteheadi	Whitehead's Broadbill
	Corydon sumatranus	Dusky Broadbill)
	Cymbirhynchus macrorhynchos	Black and Red Broadbill
	Eurylaimus javanicus	Banded Broadbill
	Eurylaimus ochromalus	Black and Yellow Broadbill
	Psarisomus dalhousiae	Long-tailed broadbill
	Serilophus lunatus	Silver-breasted Broadbill
Falconidae (Falcons)	Falco amurensis	Amur Falcon
	Falco peregrinus	Duck Hawk
	Falco severus	Oriental Hobby
	Falco subbuteo	Eurasian Hobby
	Falco tinnuculus	Eurasian Kestrel
	Caracara lutosa	Guadalupe Caracara
	Caracara plancus	Common Caracara

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Daptrius ater	Black Caracara
	Falco araea	Seychelles Kestrel
	Falco jugger	Laggar Falcon
	Falco newtoni	Madagascar Kestrel
	Falco pelegrinoides	Barbary Falcon
	Falco punctatus	Mauritius Kestrel
	Falco rusticolus	Gyrfalcon
	Falco spp.	Hawk
	Herpetotheres cachinnans	Laughing Falcon
	Ibycter americanus	Red-throated Caracara
	Micrastur spp.	Forest Falcons
	Microchierax fringillarius	Black-thighed Falconet
	Microhierax latifrons	White-fronted Falconet
	Microhierax spp.	Falconet
	Milvago chimachima	Yellow-Headed Caracara
	Milvago chimango	Chimango Caracara
	Phalcoboenus spp.	Caracara
	Polihierax insignis	Fielden's Falconet
	Polihierax semitorquatus	African Pygmy Falcon
	Spiziapteryx circumcinctus	Spot-winged Falcon
Fregatidae	Fregata andrewsi	Andrews' Frigatebird
(Frigatebird)	Fregata ariel	Lesser Frigatebird
	Fregata minor	Great Frigatebird
Fringillidae (Finches)	Carduelis cucullata	Red Siskin
Glareolidae	Glareola maldivarum	Oriental Pratincole
(Coursers, Pranticoles)	Stiltia isabella	Australian Pranticole
Gruidae	Grus antigone	Sarus Crane
(Cranes)	Grus americana	Whooping Crane
	Grus canadensis nesiotes	Cuban Sandhill Crane
	Grus canadensis pulla	Mississippi Sandhill Crane
	Grus japonensis	Red-crowned Crane
	Grus leucogeranus	Siberian White Crane
	Grus monacha	Hooded Crane
	Grus nigricollis	Black-necked Crane
	Grus vipio	White-necked Crane
Haematopodidae (Oystercatchers)	Haematopus ostralegus	Common Oystercatcher
Heliornithidae (Limpkin, Finfoot)	Heliopais personata	Masked Finfoot

Family Hemiprocnidae (Tree-swifts)	Scientific Name Hemiprocne longipennis	Common Name
(Tree-swifts)		Grey-rumped Treeswift
	Hemiprocne comata	Whiskered Treeswift
Hydrobatidae	Oceanites oceanicus	Wilson's Storm Petrel
(Storm-petrels)	Oceonodroma monorhis	Swinhoe's Storm Petrel
Hirundinidae	Delichon dasypus	Asian House Martin
(Martin)	Hirundo concolor	Dusky Crag Martin
	Hirundo daurica	Red-rumped Swallow
	Hirundo auarrea	Barn Swallow
	Hirundo striolata	Striated Swallow
	Hirundo tahitica	Pacific Swallow
	Riparia riparia	Sand Martin
-	Pseudochelidon sirintarae	White-eyed River Martin
Icteridae	Agelaius flavus	Saffron-cowled Blackbird
(Blackbird)	Ageiaius jiavus	Samon-cowled Blackond
Indicatoridae (Honeyguide)	Indicator archipelagicus	Malaysian Honeyguide
Irenidae (Leafbirds, Ioras, Fairy- bluebird)	Irena puella	Asian Fairy Bluebird
Jacanidae	Hydrophasianus chirurgus	Pheasant-tailed Jacana
(Jacanas)	Metopodius indicus	Bronze-winged Jacana
Laniidae	Lanius cristatus	Brown Shrike
(True Shrikes)	Lanius schach	Long-tailed Shrike
	Lanius tigrinus	Tiger Shrike
Laridae	Anous minutus	White Capped Noddy
(Gull)	Anous stolidus	Brown Noddy
	Chlidonias hybridus	Whiskered Tern
	Chlidonias leucopterus	White-winged Tern
	Gelochelidon nilotica	Gull-billed Tern
	Hydroprogne caspia	Caspian Tern
	Larus brunnicephalus	Brown-headed Gull
	Larus ridibundus	Black-headed Gull
	Sterna albifrons	Little Tern
	Sterna anaethetus	Bridled Tern
	Sterna bengalensis	Lesser Crested Tern
	Sterna bergii	Great Crested Tern
	Sterna bernsteini	Chinese Crested Tern
	Sterna dougallii	Roseate Tern
	Sterna fuscata	Sooty Tern
	Sterna hirundo	Common Tern
	Sterna sumatrana	Black-naped Tern
	Larus relictus	Relict Gull

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Loriidae	Eos histrio	Red-and-blue Lory
(Lories, Lorikeets)	Vini ultramarina	Ultramarine Lorikeet
Megalaimidae	Calorhamphus fuliginosus	Brown Barbet
(Asian Barbets)	Megalaima australis	Blue-eared Barbet
	Megalaima chrysopogon	Gold-whiskered Barbet
	Megalaima eximia	Borneon Barbet
	Megalaima franklinii	Golden-throated Barbet
	Megalaima haemacephala	Coppersmith Barbet
	Megalaima henricii	Yellow-crowned Barbet
	Megalaima lineata	Lineated Barbet
	Megalaima monticola	Mountain Barbet
	Megalaima mystacophanus	Red-throated Barbet
	Megalaima oorti	Black-browed Barbet
	Megalaima pulcherrima	Golden-naped Barbet
	Megalaima rafflesii	Red-crowned Barbet
	Psilopogon pyrolophus	Fire-tufted Barbet
Megapodidae (Megapodes,	Megapodius cumingii	Philippine Scrubfowl
Scrubfowl)	Macrocephalon maleo	Celebes Maleo
Meropidae	Merops leschenaulti	Chestnut-headed Bee-eater
(Bee-eaters)	Merops philippinus	Blue-tailed Bee-eater
	Merops viridis	Blue-throated Bee-eater
	Nyctyornis amictus	Red-bearded Bee-eater
Meliphagidae (Honeyeater)	Lichenostomus melanops cassidix	Helmeted Honeyeater
Motacillidae	Anthus cervinus	Red-throated Pipit
(Wagtails, Pipits)	Anthus gustavi	Petchora Pipit
	Anthus hodgsoni	Olive tree/Olive-backed Pipit
	Anthus richardi	Richard's Pipit
	Anthus rufulus	Paddyfield Pipit
	Dendronanthus indicus	Forest Wagtail
	Motacilla alba	White Wagtail
	Motacilla cinerea	Grey Wagtail
	Motacilla flava	Yellow Wagtail
Muscicapidae (Old world flycatchers)	Culicicapa ceylonensis	Grey-headed Canary Flycatcher
	Cyanoptila cyanomelana	Blue and White Flycatcher
	Cyornis banyumas	Hill Blue Flycatcher
	Cyornis caerulatus	Large-billed Blue Flycatcher
	Cyornis concreta	White-tailed Flycatcher

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Cyornis ruberculoides	Blue-throated Flycatcher
	Cyornis rufigastra	Mangrove Blue Flycatcher
	Cyornis superbus	Bornean Blue Flycatcher
	Cyornis tickelliae	Tickell's Blue Flycatcher
	Cyornis turcosa	Malaysian Blue Flycatcher
	Cyornis unicolor	Pale Blue Flycatcher
	Eumyias indigo	Indigo Flycatcher
	Eumyias thalassina	Verditer Flycatcher
	Ficedula dumetoria	Rufous-chested Flycatcher
	Ficedula hyperythra	Snowy-browed Flycatcher
	Ficedula mugimaki	Mugimaki Flycatcher
	Ficedula narcissina	Narcissus Flycatcher
	Ficedula parva	Red-throated Flycatcher
	Ficedula solitaria	Rufous-browed Flycatcher
	Ficedula westermanni	Little Pied Flycatcher
	Ficedula zanthopygia	Yellow-rumped Flycatcher
	Muscicapa dauurica	Asian Brown Flycatcher
	Muscicapa ferruginea	Ferruginous Flycatcher
	Muscicapa griseisticta	Grey-streaked Flycatcher
	Muscicapa sibirica	Dark-sided Flycatcher
	Muscicapa wiliamsoni	Brown-streaked Flycatcher
	Muscicapella hodgsoni	Pygmy Blue Flycatcher
	Niltava grandis	Large Niltava
	Niltava sumatrana	Rufous-vented Niltava
	Rhynomyias brunneata	Brown-chested Jungle Flycatcher)
	Rhynomyias gularis	Eye-browed Jungle Flycatcher
	Rhynomyias olivacea	Fulvous-chested Jungle Flycatcher
	Rhynomyias ruficauda	Rufous-tailed Jungle Flycatcher
	Rhynomyias umbratilis	Grey-chested Jungle Flycatcher
	Dasyornis broadbenti litoralis	Lesser Rufous Bristlebird
	Dasyornis longirostris	Long-billed Bristlebird
	Picathartes gymnocephalus	Bare-headed Rockfowl
	Picathartes oreas	Grey-necked Picathartes
Nectarinidae	Aethopyga saturata	Black-throated Sunbird
(Flowerpeckers, Sunbirds,	Aethopyga siparaja	Crimson Sunbird
Spiderhunters)	Aethopyga temminckii	Scarlet Sunbird

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Anthreptes malaccensis	Brown-throated Sunbird
	Anthreptes rhodolaema	Red-throated Sunbird
	Anthreptes simplex	Plain Sunbird
	Anthreptes singalensis	Ruby-cheeked Sunbird
	Arachnothera affinis	Grey-breasted Spiderhunter
	Arachnothera chrysogenys	Yellow-eared Spiderhunter
	Arachnothera crassirostris	Thick-billed Spiderhunter
	Arachnothera flavigaster	Spectacled Spiderhunter
	Arachnothera juliae	Whitehead's Spiderhunter
	Arachnothera longirostra	Little Spiderhunter
	Arachnothera magna	Streaked Spiderhunter
	Arachnothera modesta	Streaky-breasted Spiderhunter
	Arachnothera robusta	Long-billed Spiderhunter
	Hypogramma hypogrammicum	Purple-naped Sunbird
	Nectarinia calcostheta	Copper-throated Sunbird
	Nectarinia jugularis	Olive-backed Sunbird
	Nectarinia sperata	Purple-throated Sunbird
Oriolidae	Oriolus chinensis	Black-naped Oriole
(Orioles)	Oriolus cruentus	Black and Crimson Oriole
	Oriolus hosei	Black Oriole
	Oriolus oriolus	Eurasian Golden Oriole
	Oriolus xanthonotus	Dark-throated Oriole
	Oriolus xanthornus	Black-hooded Oriole
Otididae	Ardeotis nigriceps	Great Indian Bustard
(Bustards)	Chlamydotis undulata	Houbara Bustards
	Eupodotis bengalensis	Bengal Bustards
Pachycephalidae (Whistlers)	Pachycephala grisola	Mangrove Whistler
	Pachycephala homeyeri	White- vented Whistler
	Pachycephala hypoxantha	Borneon Whistler
Pandionidae (Osprey)	Pandion haliaetus	Osprey
Pardalotidae (Pardalotes, Bristlebirds, Scrubwrens, Thornbills, Whiteface, etc.)	Gerygone sulphurea	Golden-bellied Gerygone
Paridae (Tits, Chickadees)	Melanochlora sultanea	Sultan Tit
	Parus major	Great Tit
Pelecanidae	Pelecanus onocrotalus	Eastern White Pelican
(Pelican)	Pelecanus philippensis	Spotted-billed Pelican
	Pelecanus crispus	Dalmatian Pelican

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Phalacrocoracidae	Phalachrocorax carbo	Great Commorant
(Cormorants)	Phalachrocorax niger	Little Commorant
Phalaropodidae (Phalaropes)	Phalaropus fulicaria	Red Phalarope
	Phalaropus lobatus	Red-necked Phalarope
Phasianidae	Arborophila campbelli	Malaysian Hill-Partridge
(Grouse, guineafowl, partridges, pheasants,	Arborophila charltonii	Chestnut-necklace Partridge
tragopans)	Arborophila hyperythra	Red-breasted Partridge
	Argusianus argus	Great Argus
	Caloperdix oculea	Ferruginous Wood Partridge
	Haematortyx sanguiniceps	Crimson-headed Partridge
	Lophura bulweri	Bulwer's Pheasant
	Lophura erythropthalma	Crestless Fire-backed Pheasant
	Lophura ignita	Crested Firebacked
	Melanoperdix nigra	Black-wood Partridge
	Pavo muticus	Green Peafowl
	Polyplectron inopinatum	Rothschild's Peacock Pheasant
	Polyplectron malacense	Malaysian's Peacock Pheasant
	Polyplectron schleiermacheri	Borneon Peacock Pheasant
	Rheinardia ocellata	Crested Argus
	Rhizothera dulitensis	Dulit partridge
	Rhizothera longirostris	Long Billed Partridge
	Rollulus rouloul	Roulroul
	Catreus wallichii	Chir Pheasant
	Colinus virginianus ridgwayi	Masked Bobwhite
	Crossoptilon crossoptilon	White Eared-Pheasant
	Crossoptilon harmani	Tibetan Eared-Pheasant
	Crossoptilon mantchuricum	Brown Eared-Pheasant
	Lophophorus impejanus	Himalayan Monal
	Lophophorus lhuysii	Chinese Impeyan
	Lophophorus sclateri	Crestless Monal
	Lophura edwardsi	Edwards's Pheasant
	Lophura imperialis	Imperial Pheasant
	Lophura swinhoii	Swinhoe's Pheasant
	Polyplectron emphanum	Palawan Peacock-Pheasant
	Syrmaticus ellioti	Elliot's Pheasant
	Syrmaticus humiae	Hume's Pheasant
	Syrmaticus mikado	Mikado Pheasant
	Tetraogallus caspius	Caspian Snowcock

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Tetraogallus tibetanus	Tibetan Snowcock
	Tragopan blythii	Blyth's Tragopan
	Tragopan caboti	Cabot's Tragopan
	Tragopan melanocephalus	Western Tragopan
	Tympanuchus cupido attwateri	Attwater's Prairie-chicken
Picidae	Blythipicus pyrrhotis	Bay Woodpecker
(Woodpeckers)	Blythipicus rubiginosus	Maroon Woodpecker
	Celeus brachyurus	Rufous Woodpecker
	Chrysocolaptes lucidus	Golden-backed Woodpecker
	Dendrocopus canicapillus	Grey-capped Woodpecker
	Dendrocopus moluccensis	Malaysian Pygmy Pied Woodpecker
	Dinopium javanense	Common Flameback
	Dinopium rafflesii	Olive-backed Three-toed Woodpecker
	Dryocopus javensis	White-bellied Woodpecker
	Gecinulus viridis	Bamboo Woodpecker
	Hemicircus concretus	Grey and Buff Woodpecker
	Meiglyptes tristis	Buff-rumped Woodpecker
	Meiglyptes tukki	Buff-necked Woodpecker
	Mulleripicus pulverulentus	Great Slaty Woodpecker
	Picumnus innominatus	Speckled Piculet
	Picus canus	Grey-headed Woodpecker
	Picus chlorolophus	Lesser Yellownape Woodpecker
	Picus flavinucha	Greater Yellownape
	Picus mentalis	Chequer-throated Yellownape
	Picus miniaceus	Banded Yellownape
	Picus puniceus	Crimson-winged Woodpecker
	Picus viridanus	Streak-brested Woodpecker
	Picus vittatus	Laced Woodpecker
	Reinwardtipicus validus	Orange-backed Woodpecker
	Sasia abnormis	Rufous Piculet
	Campephilus imperialis	Imperial Woodpecker
	Dryocopus javensis richardsi	Tristram's Woodpecker
Pittidae	Pitta arquata	Blue-banded Pitta
(Pittas)	Pitta baudii	Blue-headed Pitta
	Pitta caerulea	Giant Pitta
	Pitta granatina	Garnet Pitta

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Pitta guajana	Blue-tailed Pitta
	Pitta megarhyncha	Mangrove Pitta)
	Pitta moluccensis	Blue-winged Pitta
	Pitta nympha	Fairy Pitta
	Pitta oatesi	Rusty-naped Pitta
	Pitta sordida	Hooded Pitta
	Pitta ussheri	Black-and-Crimson Pitta
	Pitta gurneyi	Black-breasted Pitta
	Pitta kochi	Koch's Pitta
Podicipedidae	Podilymbus gigas	Atitlan Grebe
(Grebe)	Podiceps ruficollis	Little Grebe
	Tachybaptus ruficollis	Little Grebe
Procellariidae	Bulweria bulwerii	Bulwer's Petrel
(Petrels, Shearwaters, Diving-petrel, Albatrosses,	Calonectris leucomelas	Streaked Shearwater
Storm-petrels)	Puffinus pacificus	Wedge-tailed Shearwater
Psittacidae	Psittacula longicauda	Long-tailed Parakeet
(Amazon, Macaws, Parakeets, Parrots)	Psittinus cyanurus	Blue-rumped Parrot
Tarakeets, Tarrots)	Tanygnathus lucionensis	Blue-naped Parrot
	Amazona arausiaca	Red-necked Amazon
	Amazona barbadensis	Yellow shouldered Amazon
	Amazona brasiliensis	Red-tailed Parrot
	Amazona finschi	Lilac-crowned Parrot
	Amazona guildingii	Saint Vincent Parrot
	Amazona imperialis	Imperial Parrot)
	Amazona leucocephala	Bahamas Parrot
	Amazona ochrocephala auropalliata	Yellow-naped Parrot
	Amazona ochrocephala belizensis	Yellow-crowned Amazon
	Amazona ochrocephala caribaea	
	Amazona ochrocephala oratrix	Yellow-headed Parrot
	Amazona ochrocephala parvipes	
	Amazona ochrocephala tresmariae	
	Amazona pretrei	Red-spectacled Parrot
	Amazona rhodocorytha	Red-browed Parrot
	Amazona tucumana	Tucuman Parrot
	Amazona versicolor	Saint Lucia Parrot
	Amazona vinacea	Vinaceous Parrot

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Amazona viridigenalis	Green-cheeked Parrot
	Amazona vittata	Puerto Rican Parrot
	Anodorhynchus spp.	Blue Macaws
	Ara ambigua	Great Green Macaw
	Ara glaucogularis	Blue-throated Macaw
	Ara macao	Punaara
	Ara militaris	Military Macaw
	Ara rubrogenys	Red-fronted Macaw
	Cyanopsitta spixii	Little Blue Macaw
	Cyanoramphus forbesi	Forbes's Parakeet
	Cyanoramphus novaezelandiae	Red-fronted Parakeet
	Cyclopsitta diophthalma coxeni	Coxen's Two-eyed Fig Parrot
	Eunymphicus cornutus	Horned Parakeet
	Geopsittacus occidentalis	Night Parrot
	Guarouba guarouba	Golden Parakeet
	Neophema chrysogaster	Orange-bellied Parrot
	Ognorhynchus icterotis	Yellow-eared Parrot
	Pezoporus wallicus	Ground Parakeet
	Pionopsitta pileata	Red-capped Parrot
	Propyrrhura couloni	Blue-headed Macaw
	Propyrrhura maracana	Blue-winged Macaw
	Psephotus chrysopterygius	Golden-shouldered Parrot
	Psephotus dissimilis	Hooded Parrot
	Psephotus pulcherrimus	Paradise Parrot
	Psittacula echo	Mauritius Parakeet
	Pyrrhura cruentata	Blue-throated Parakeet
	Rhynchopsitta spp.	Parrot
	Strigops habroptilus	Owl Parrot
Pycnonotidae (Bulbul)	Alophoixus bres	Grey-cheeked Bulbul
	Alophoixus finschi	Finsch's Bulbul
	Alophoixus ochraceus	Ochraceus Bulbul
	Alophoixus phaeocephalus	Yellow-bellied Bulbul
	Hemixos flavala	Ashy Bulbul
	Hypsipetes mcclellandii	Mountain Bulbul
	Iole olivacea	Buff-vented Bulbul
	Ixos malaccensis	Streked Bulbul
	Pycnonotus atriceps	Black-headed Bulbul
	Pycnonotus blanfordi	Streak-eared Bulbul

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Pycnonotus brunneus	Red-eyed Bulbul
	Pycnonotus cyaniventris	Grey-bellied Bulbul
	Pycnonotus erythrophthalmos	Spectacled Bulbul
	Pycnonotus eutilotus	Puff-backed Bulbul
	Pycnonotus finlaysoni	Stripe-throated Bulbul
	Pycnonotus flavescens	Flavescent Bulbul
	Pycnonotus melanicterus	Black-crested Bulbul
	Pycnonotus melanoleucos	Black-and white Bulbul
	Pycnonotus plumosus	Olive-winged Bulbul
	Pycnonotus simplex	Cream-vented Bulbul
	Pycnonotus squamatus	Scaly-breasted Bulbul
	Pycnonotus zeylanicus	Yellow-crowned Bulbul
	Setornis criniger	Hook-billed Bulbul
	Tricholestes criniger	Hairy-backed Bulbul
Rallidae	Fulica atra	Common Coot
(Rail)	Gallicrex cinerea	Watercock)
	Gallinula chloropus	Common Moorhen
	Gallirallus striatus	Slaty-breasted Rail
	Porzana cinerea	White-browed Crake
	Porzana fusca	Ruddy-breasted Crake
	Porzana paykullii	Band-bellied Crake
	Porphyrio porphyrio	Purple Swamphen
	Porzana pusilla	Baillon's Crake
	Rallina eurizonoides	Slaty-legged Crake
	Rallina fasciata	Red-legged Crake
	Rallus aquaticus	Water Rail
	Gallirallus sylvestris	Lord Howe Island Rail
Recurvirostridae (Stilt)	Himantopus himantopus	Black-winged Stilt
Rheidae (Rheas)	Pterocnemia pennata (Except Pterocnemia pennata pennata in First Schedule)	Darwin's Rhea
Rhipiduridae	Rhipidura albicolis	White-throated Fantail
(Fantail)	Rhipidura javanica	Pied Fantail
	Rhipidura perlata	Spotted Fantail
Rhynochetidae (Kagu)	Rhynochetos jubatus	Kagu
Rostratulidae (Paintedsnipe)	Rostratula benghalensis	Greater Paintedsnipe
Scolopacidae	Actitis hypoleucos	Common Sandpiper
(Curlews, greenshanks)	Arenaria interpres	Ruddy Turnstone
	Calidris acuminata	Sharp-tailed Sandpiper

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Calidris alpina	Dunlin
	Calidris canutus	Red Knot
	Calidris ferruginea	Curlew Sandpiper
	Calidris minuta	Little Stinct
	Calidris ruficollis	Rufous-necked Stinct
	Calidris subminuta	Long-toed Stinct
	Calidris temminckii	Temminck's Stinct
	Calidris tenuirostris	Great Knot
	Crocethia alba	Sanderling
	Eurynorhynchus pymaeus	Spoon-billed Sandpiper
	Gallinago gallinago	Common Snipe
	Gallinago megala	Swinhoe's Snipe
	Gallinago stenura	Pintail Snipe
	Heteroscelus brevipes	Grey-tailed Tattler
	Limicola falcinellus	Broad-billed Sandpiper
	Limnodromus scolopaceus	Long-billed Dowitcher
	Limnodromus semipalmatus	Asian Dowitcher
	Limosa lapponica	Bar-tailed Godwit
	Limosa limosa	Black-tailed Godwit
	Numenius arquata	Eurasian Curlew
	Numenius madagascariensis	Far Eastern Curlew
	Numenius minutus	Little Curlew
	Numenius phaeopus	Whimbrel
	Philomachus pugnax	Ruff
	Scolopax rusticola	Eurasian Woodcock
	Tringa erythropus	Spotted Redshank
	Tringa glareola	Wood Sandpiper
	Tringa guttifer	Nordmann's Greenshank
	Tringa nebularia	Common Greenshank
	Tringa ochropus	Green Sandpiper
	Tringa stagnalitis	Marsh Sandpiper
	Tringa totanus	Common Redshank
	Xenus cinereus	Terek Sandpiper
	Numenius borealis	Eskimo Curlew
	Numenius tenuirostris	Slender-billed Curlew
Sittidae	Sitta azurea	Blue Nuthatch
(Nuthatchers, Wallcreeper)	Sitta frontalis	Velvet-fronted Nuthatch
Spheniscidae (Penguins)	Spheniscus humboldti	Peruvian Penguin

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Stercorariidae (Jaeger)	Stercorarius longicaudus	Long-tailed Jaeger
	Stercorarius parasiticus	Parasitic Jaeger
	Stercorarius pomarinus	Pomarine Jaeger
Strigidae	Asio flammeus	Short-eared Owl
(Owls)	Bubo coromandus	Dusky Eagle Owl
	Bubo sumatranus	Barred Eagle-Owl
	Glaucidium brodiei	Collared Owlet
	Ketupa ketupu	Buffy Fish Owl
	Ketupa zeylonensis	Brown Fish Owl
	Ninox scutulata	Brown Hawk Owl
	Otus bakkamoena	Collared Scops Owl
	Otus brookei	Rajah's Scops Owl
	Otus mantananensis	Mantanani Scops Owl
	Otus rufescens	Reddish Scops Owl
	Otus sagittatus	White-fronted Scops Owl
	Otus spilocephalus	Mountain Scops Owl
	Strix leptogrammica	Brown Wood Owl
	Strix seloputo	Spotted Wood Owl
	Aegolius spp.	Owl
	Asio spp.	Owl
	Athene blewitti	Forest Little Owl
	Athene spp.	Owl
	Bubo spp.	Eagle Owls
	Glaucidium spp.	Pygmy Owls
	Jubula lettii	Maned Owl
	Ketupa spp.	Owl
	Lophostrix cristata	Crested Owl
	Micrathe whitneyi	Elf Owl
	Mimizuku gurneyi	Mindanao Eagle-Owl
	Nesasio solomonensis	Fearful Owl
	Ninox novaeseelandiae undulata	Norfolk Island Boobook Owl
	Ninox spp.	Owl
	Ninox squamipila natalis	Christmas Hawk-Owl
	Nyctea scandiaca	Snowy Owl
	Otus spp.	Owl
	Otus sunia	Oriental Scops Owl
	Pseudoscops grammicus	Jamaican Owl
	Pulsatrix spp.	Owl
	Sceloglaux albifacies	Laughing Owl

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Scotopelia spp.	Fishing owls
	Strix spp.	Owl
	Surnia ulula	Hawk Owl
	Uroglaux dimorpha	Papuan Boobook
	Xenoglaux loweryi	Long-whiskered Owlet
Struthionidae (Ostrich)	Struthio camelus	Ostrich
Sturnidae	Acridotheres cristatellus	Crested Myna
(Mynahs, starlings)	Ampliceps coronatus	Gold-crested Myna
	Leucopsar rothschildi	Bali Myna
Sulidae	Papasula abbotti	Abbott's Booby
(Booby)	Sula dactylatra	Masked Booby
	Sula leucogaster	Brown Bobby
	Sula sula	Red-footed Bobby
Sylviidae	Abroscopus superciliaris	Yellow-bellied Warbler
(Leaf –warblers, Grass –warblers,	Acrocephalus aedon	Thick-billied Reed-Warbler
Laughingthrushes, babblers)	Acrocephalus bistrigiceps	Black-browed Reed-Warbler
	Acrocephalus orientalis	Oriental/Great Reed- Warbler
	Acrocephalus stentoreous	Clamourus Reed-Warbler
	Bradypterus accentor	Friendly Warbler
	Cettia vulcania	Sunda Bush Warbler
	Cisticola juncidis	Zitting Cisticola
	Locustella certhiola	Pallas's Warbler
	Locustella lanceolata	Lanceolated Warbler
	Locustella ochotensis	Middendorff"s Warbler
	Megalurus palustris	Striated Warbler
	Orthotomus astrogularis	Darked-necked Tailor Bird
	Orthotomus cuculatus	Mountain Tailor Bird
	Orthotomus sericeus	Rufous Tailor Bird
	Orthotomus sepium	Ashy Tailor Bird
	Orthotomus sutorius	Common Tailor Bird
	Phylloscopus borealis	Arctic Warbler
	Phylloscopus coronatus	Eastern Crowned Warbler
	Phylloscopus fuscatus	Dusky Warbler
	Phylloscopus inornatus	Inornate Warbler
	Phylloscopus plumbeitarsus	Two-barred Warbler
	Phylloscopus tenellipes	Pale-legged Leaf warbler
	Phylloscopus trivirgatus	Mountain Leaf Warbler

	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Prinia flaviventris	Yellow-bellied Prinia
	Prinia rufescens	Rufescens Prinia
	Seicercus burkii	Golden-spactacled Warbler
	Seicercus castaniceps	Chestnut-crowned Warbler
	Seicercus montis	Yellow-breasted Warbler
	Urosphena whiteheadi	Bornean Subtail
Threskiornithidae	Geronticus eremita	Bald Ibis
(Ibises, spoonbills)	Nipponia nippon	Crested Ibis
	Plegadis falcinellus	Glossy Ibis
	Pseudibis davisoni	White-shouldered Ibis
	Threskiornis melanocephalus	Black-headed Ibis
Timaliidae	Alcippe brunneicauda	Brown Fulvetta
(Babblers)	Alcippe castaneceps	Rufous-winged Fulvetta
	Alcippe peracensis	Mountain Fulvetta
	Cutia nipalensis	Cutia
	Eupetes macrocerus	Malaysian Rail Babbler
	Gampsorhynchus rufulus	White-hooded Babbler
	Garrulax erythrocepahalus	Chestnut- crowned Laughingthrush
	Garrulax lugubris	Black Laughingthrush
	Garrulax mitratus	Chestnut-capped Laughingthrus
	Garrulax pelliatus	Sunda Laughingthrush
	Heterophasia picaoides	Long-tailed Sibia
	Kenopia striata	Striped Wren-Babbler
	Leiothrix argentaurus	Silver-eared Mesia
	Macronous gularis	Striped Tit-Babbler
	Macronous ptilosus	Fluffy-backed Tit-Babbler
	Malacocincla abbotti	Abbot's Babbler
	Malacocincla malaccensis	Short-tailed Babbler
	Malacocincla sepiarium	Horsfield's Babbler
	Malacopteron affine	Sooty-capped Babbler
	Malacopteron albogulare	Grey-breasted Babbler
	Malacopteron cinereum	Scaly-crowned Babbler
	Malacopteron magnirostre	Moustached Babbler
	Malacopteron magnum	Rufous-crowned Babbler
	Minla cyanouroptera	Blue-winged Minla
	Minla strigula	Chestnut-tailed Minla
	Napothera atrigularis	Black-throated Wren- Babbler
	Napothera brevicaudata	Streaked Wren-Babbler

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Napothera crassa	Mountain Wren-Babbler
	Napothera epilepidota	Eye-browed Wren-Babbler
	Napothera macrodactyla	Large-wren Babbler
	Napothera marmorata	Marbled-wren Babbler
	Pellorneum capistratum	Black-capped Babbler
	Pellorneum pyrrogenys	Temminck's Babbler
	Pellorneum ruficeps	Puff-throated Babbler
	Pnoepyga pusilla	Pygmy Wren-Babbler
	Pomatorhinus hypoleucos	Large-Scimitar Babbler
	Pomatorhinus montanus	Chestnut-backed Scimitar Babbler
	Pteruthius flaviscapis	White-browed Shrike Babbler
	Pteruthius melanotis	Black-eared Shrike Babbler
	Ptilocichla leucogrammica	Borneon Wren-Babbler
	Stachyris chrysea	Golden Babbler
	Stachyris erythroptera	Chestnut-winged Babbler
	Stachyris leucotis	White-necked Babbler
	Stachyris maculata	Chestnut-rumped Babbler
	Stachyris nigriceps	Grey-throated Babbler
	Stachyris nigricollis	Black-throated Babbler
	Stachyris poliocephala	Grey-headed Babbler
	Stachyris rufifrons	Rufous-fronted Babbler
	Trichastoma bicolour	Ferruginous Babbler
	Trichastoma rostratum	White-chested Babbler
	Trichastoma tickelli	Buff-breasted Babbler
	Yuhina everetti	Chestnut-crested Yuhina
	Yuhina zantholeuca	White-bellied Yuhina
Tinamidae (Tinamou)	Tinamus solitarius	Solitary Tinamou
Trochilidae (Hummingbirds)	Glaucis dohrnii	Hook-billed Hermit
Trogonidae	Harpactes diardii	Diard's Trogon
(Quetzal)	Harpactes duvaucelii	Scarlet-rumped Trogon
	Harpactes erythrocephalus	Red-headed Trogon
	Harpactes kasumba	Red-naped Trogon
	Harpactes oreskios	Orange-breasted Trogon
	Harpactes orrhophaeus	Cinnamon-rumped Trogon
	Harpactes whiteheadi	Whitehead's Trogon
	Pharomachrus mocinno	Magnificent Quetzal
Turdidae (Thrushes)	Brachypteryx leucophrys	Lesser Shortwing

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Brachypteryx montana	White-browed Shortwing
	Chlamydochaera jefferyi	Fruit Hunter
	Copsycus stricklandii	White-crowned Shama
	Enicurus leschenaulti	White-crowned Forktail
	Enicurus ruficapillus	Chestnut-naped Forktail
	Enicurus schistaceus	Slaty-backed Forktailed
	Luscinia calliope	Siberian Rubythroat
	Luscinia cyane	Siberian Blue Robin
	Luscinia ruficeps	Rufous-headed Robin
	Monticola gularis	White-throated Rock Thrush
	Monticola solitarius	Blue Rock Thrush
	Myiomela leucura	White-tailed Robin
	Myophonus robinsoni	Malayan Whistling Thrush
	Myophonus caeruleus	Blue Whistling Thrush
	Myophonus glaucinus	Sunda Whistling Thrush
	Oenanthe oenanthe	Northen Wheatear
	Saxicola caprata	Pied Bushcat
	Saxicola torquata	Common Stonechat
	Tarsiger cyanurus	Orange-flanked Bush Robin
	Trighixos pyrropyga	Rufous-tailed Shama
	Turdus obscurus	Eye-browed Thrush
	Turdus poliocephalus	Island Thrush
	Zoothera citrina	Orange-headed Thrush
	Zoothera dauma	Scaly Thrush
	Zoothera everetti	Everett's Thrush
	Zoothera interpres	Chestnut-capped Thrush
	Zoothera sibirica	Siberian Thrush
Turnicidae (Buttonquails)	Turnix suscitator	Barred Buttonquail
Tytonidae	Phodilus badius	Oriental Bay Owl
(Barn owl)	Tyto alba	Barn Owl
	Tyto capensis	Grass Owl
	Phodilus prigoginei	African Bay Owl
	Tyto soumagnei	Madagascar Owl
	Tyto spp.	Owl
Upupidae (hoopoe)	Upupa epops	Ноорое
Zosteropidae	Zosterops albogularis	White-chested White-eye
(White-eye)	Zosterops everetti	Everett's White-eye

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	CLASS REPTILIA (REPTILES))
Alligatoridae	Alligator sinensis	China Alligator
(Alligators, caimans)	Caiman crocodilus apaporiensis	Apaporis River Caiman
	Caiman latirostris (except population of Argentina)	Broad-snouted Caiman
	Melanosuchus niger (except population of Brazil and Ecuador)	Black Caiman
Boidae	Acrantophis spp.	Madagascar Ground Boa
(Boas)	Boa constrictor occidentalis	Argentine Boa Constrictor
	Epicrates inornatus	Yellow Tree Boa
	Epicrates monensis	Mona Island Boa
	Epicrates subflavus	Jamaican Boa
	Sanzinia madagascariensis	Madagascar Tree Boa
Bolyeriidae (Round Island boas)	Bolyeria multocarinata	Round Island Burrowing Boa
	Casarea dussumieri	Round Island Keel-scaled Boa
Chamaeleonidae (Chameleons)	Brookesia perarmata	Armoured Leaf Chameleon
Chelidae (Austro-American side-	Chelodina mccordi	Roti Island Snake-necked Turtle
necked turtles	Chelodina parkeri	Parker's Snake-necked Turtle
	Chelodina pritchardi	Pritchard's Snake-necked Turtle
	Pseudemydura umbrina	Western Swamp Turtle
Crocodylidae (Crocodiles)	Crocodylus porosus	Estuarine Crocodile
	Tomistoma schlegelii	False Gavial
	Crocodylus acutus (except population of Cuba)	American Crocodile
	Crocodylus cataphractus	African Slender-snouted Crocodile
	Crocodylus intermedius	Orinoco Crocodile
	Crocodylus mindorensis	Philippine Crocodile
	Crocodylus moreletii	Morelet's Crocodile
	Crocodylus niloticus (except populations of Botswana, Ethiopia, Kenya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, South Africa, Ganda, The United Republic of Tanzania, Egypt, Zambia and Zimbabwe)	Nile Crocodile

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
	Crocodylus palustris	Marsh Crocodile
	Crocodylus rhombifer	Cuban Crocodile
	Crocodylus siamensis	Siamese Crocodile
	Osteolaemus tetraspis	African Dwarf Crocodile
Geoemymdidae	Batagur affinis	Common Batagur
(Box turtles, freshwater turtles)	Batagur baska	Common Batagur
turties)	Clemmys muhlenbergi	Bog Turtle
	Geoclemys hamiltonii	Black Pond Turtle
	Pangshura tecta	Dura Turtle
	Melanochelys tricarinata	Three-keeled Land Tortoise
	Morenia ocellata	Bengal Eyed Terrapin
	Terrapene coahuila	Aquatic Box Turtle
Gavialidae (Gavial)	Gavialis gangeticus	Gavial
Iguanidae	Brachylophus spp.	Fijian iguanas
(Iguanas)	Cyclura spp.	Ground iguanas
	Sauromalus varius	Piebald Chuckwalla
Lacertidae (Lizards)	Gallotia simonyi	Hierro Giant Lizard
Pythonidae	Python brongersmai	Blood Python
(Pythons)	Python molurus molurus	Indian Python
Sphenodontidae (Tuatara)	Sphenodon spp.	Tuataras
Testudinidae	Chelonoidis nigra	Galapagos Giant Tortoise
(Tortoises)	Astrochelys radiata	Radiated Tortoise
	Astrochelys yniphora	Madagascar Tortoise
	Gopherus flavomarginatus	Bolson Tortoise
	Psammobates geometricus	Geometric Tortoise
	Pyxis arachnoides	Spider Tortoise
	Pyxis planicauda	Flat-backed Spider Tortoise
	Testudo kleinmanni	Egyptian Tortoise
	Testudo werneri	Negev Tortoise
Trionychidae	Apalone ater	Cuatro Cienegas Softshell
(Softshell turtles, terrapins)	Aspideretes gangeticus	Indian Softshell Turtle
	Aspideretes hurum	Peacock Soft-shell Turtle
	Aspideretes nigricans	Black Softshell Turtle
Varanidae	Varanus bengalensis	Bengal Black Lizard
(Monitor lizards)	Varanus rudicollis	Harlequin Monitor
	Varanus dumerilli	Dumerl's Monitor
	Varanus flavescens	Yellow Monitor
	Varanus griseus	Desert Monitor
	Varanus komodoensis	Komodo Monitor

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Viperidae (Vipers)	Vipera ursinii (only the population of Europe, except the area which formerly constituted the Union of Soviet Socialis Republic)	Meadow Viper
	CLASS AMPHIBIA (AMPHIBIAN	(S)
Bufonidae	Altiphrynoides spp.	Ethiopian toads
(Toads)	Atelopus zeteki	Cerro Campana Stubfoot Toad
	Bufo periglenes	Orange Toad
	Bufo superciliaris	Cameroon Toad
	Nectophrynoides spp.	African viviparous toads
	Nimbaphrynoides spp.	Nimba toads
	Spinophrynoides spp.	Osgood's Ethiopian Toad
Cryptobranchidae (Giant salamanders)	Andrias spp.	Giant Salamanders
Microhylidae (Red rain frog, tomato frog)	Dyscophus antongilii	Tomato Frog
	CLASS INSECTA (INSECTS)	
Papilionidae (Birdwing butterflies, swallowtail butterflies)	Ornithoptera alexandrae	Queen Alexandra's Birdwing
	Papilio chikae	Luzon Peacock Swallowtail
	Papilio homerus	Homerus Swallowtail
	Papilio hospiton	Corsican Swallowtail
CLASS	GASTROPODA (SNAILS AND C	ONCHES)
Achatinellidae (Agate snails)	Achatinella spp.	Oahu tree snails

THIRD SCHEDULE [section 3]

Standard of Maturity

Totally Protected Wildlife

Elephant-*Elephas maximus*-*Gajah*: shall be deemed to be immature if the height is less than 250 cm, length of hand and body is less than 400 cm.

Sumatran Rhinoceros-Dicerorhinus sumatrensis-Badak Sumatra: shall be deemed to be immature if the length of head and body is less than 240 cm, length of tail is less than 65 cm, height at the shoulder is less than 100 cm and incisors in the upper jaw are absent.

Gaur-Bos gaurus-Seladang: shall be deemed to be immature if the height is less than 250 cm, height at shoulder is less than 170 cm and length of tail is less than 70 cm.

Tapir–Tapirus indicus–Tapir: shall be deemed to be immature if the body is covered with yellow stripes and white spots, height at the shoulder is less than 90 cm and the length of head and body is less than 220 cm.

Tiger-Panthera tigris-Harimau Belang: shall be deemed to be immature if the length of head and body is less than 170 cm, the length of tail is less than 95 cm and the widest part of a canine tooth is less than 2.4 cm.

Malayan Sun Bear-Helarctos malayanus-Beruang: shall be deemed to be immature if the length of head and body is less than 100 cm.

Leopard, Panther-Panthera pardus-Harimau Bintang, Harimau Kumbang: shall be deemed to be immature if the length of head and body is less than 108 cm and length of tail is less than 80 cm.

Clouded Leopard-Neofelis nebulosa-Harimau Dahan: shall be deemed to be immature if the length of head and body is less than 65 cm and length of tail is less than 55 cm.

Flat-headed Cat-Prionailurus planiceps-Kucing Hutan: shall be deemed to be immature if the length of head and body is less than 46.5 cm and length of tail is less than 12.8 cm.

Serow-Capricornis sumatraensis-Kambing Gurun, Kambing Bukit, Kambing Hutan: shall be deemed to be immature if the length of head and body is less than 140 cm, height at shoulder is less than 85 cm, length of tail is less than 11.5 cm and the horn measured at the outer curve is less than 12.7 cm.

Pangolin, Scaly Anteater–Manis javanica–Tenggiling: shall be deemed to be immature if the length of head and body is less than 42.5 cm and length of tail is less than 34 cm.

Slow Loris-Nycticebus coucang-Kongkang: shall be deemed to be immature if the length of head and body is less than 30 cm and length of tail is less than 1 cm.

Clouded Monitor-Varanus bengalensis-Biawak Tikus: shall be deemed to be immature if the total length, including the tail, is less than 60 cm.

Harlequin Monitor-Varanus rudicollis-Biawak Serunai: shall be deemed to be immature if the total length, including the tail, is less than 60 cm.

Dumeril's Monitor-Varanus dumerilii-Biawak Kudung: shall be deemed to be immature if the total length, including the tail, is less than 60 cm.

Crocodile-Crocodylus porosus-Buaya Tembaga: shall be deemed to be immature if the total length, including the tail, is less than 180 cm.

Gharial-Tomistoma schlegelii-Buaya Julung-Julung: shall be deemed to be immature if the total length, including the tail, is less than 180 cm. Blood Python-Python brongersmai-Ular Sawa Darah: shall be deemed to be immature if the total length, including the tail, is less than 75 cm.

A bird shall be deemed to be immature if the offspring of the bird has not developed the capacity for flight or is not yet covered with full plumage.

Protected Wildlife

Sambar Deer–Rusa unicolor–Rusa: shall be deemed to be immature if the length of head and body is less than 180 cm, height at shoulder is less than 140 cm, or length of tail is less than 25 cm, the antlers are less than 35.6 cm in length or less than 14 cm in circumference and a female shall be deemed to be immature if the height at the shoulder is less than 101.6 cm.

Monitor Lizard-Varanus salvator-Biawak: shall be deemed to be immature if the total length, including the tail, is less than 75 cm.

A bird shall be deemed to be immature if the offspring of the bird has not developed the capacity for flight or is not yet covered with full plumage.

FOURTH SCHEDULE [section 3]
POISON

Rat poisons (Zinc phosphide)
Sodium Arsenite (Sodium Arsenite)

FIFTH SCHEDULE [section 3, 117]

CONTROLLED SPECIES

Interpretation of the Fifth Schedule

- 1. Species included in this Schedule are referred to—
 - (a) by the name of the species; or
 - (b) as being all of the species included in a higher taxon or designated part thereof.
- 2. The abbreviation "spp." is used to denote all species of a higher taxon.
- 3. Other references to taxa higher than species are for the purposes of information or classification only. The common names included after the scientific names of families are for reference only. They are intended to indicate the species within the family concerned that are included in this Schedule. In most cases this is not all of the species within the family.

4. Where there is conflict between a scientific term and a common term in the use of the name of any species in this Schedule, the scientific term shall prevail.

Scientific Name	Common Name		
CLASS MAMMALIA (MAMMALS)			
Vulpes vulpes	Red Fox		
Cervus elaphus	European Red Deer		
Herpestes javanicus	Small Indian Mongoose		
Rattus rattus	European House Rat		
Mustela erminea	Short-Tailed Weasel		
Sciurus carolinensis	Gray Squirrel		
Myocastor coypus	Nutria		
Trichosurus vulpecula	Brushtail Possum		
CLA	SS AVES (BIRDS)		
Sturnus vulgaris	European Starling		
Pycnonotus cafer	Red-Vented Bulbul		
Columba livia	Rock Pigeon		
Boiga irregularis	Brown Tree Snake		
Trachemys scripta elegans	Red-Eared Slider		
Crotalus spp.	Rattle Snake		
Sistrurus spp.	Pigmy Rattle Snake		
Dendroaspis polylepis	Mamba		
CLASS AM	IPHIBIA (AMPHIBIANS)		
Bufo marinus	American Giant Toad		
Eleutherodactylus coqui	Caribbean Tree Frog		
Rana catesbeiana	North American Bullfrog		
CLASS	INSECTA (INSECTS)		
Bemisia tabaci	Cotton Whitefly		
Cinara cupressi	Cypress Aphid		
Lymantria dispar	Asian Gypsy Moth		
Trogoderma granarium	Khapra Beetle		
110goacima granarium	Кпарта Всене		

Sixth Schedule [section 51]

LIST OF WILDLIFE FOR ABORIGINE'S CONSUMPTION

Scientific name	Common name
Sus scrofa	Wild Pig
Rusa unicolor	Sambar Deer
Tragulus javanicus	Lesser Mouse Deer
Macaca nemestrina	Pig-tailed Macaque
Presbytis cristata	Silvered Leaf Monkey
Presbytis obscura	Dusky Leaf Monkey
Hystrix brachyura	Malayan Porcupine
Atherurus macrourus	Brushtailed Porcupine
Amaurornis phoenicurus	White-breasted waterhen
Chalcophaps indica	Emerald Dove

Seventh Schedule [section 3]

SNARE

Snare means any type of trap that—

- (a) is made of light wire cable looped through a locking device or of small nylon cord tied so that it will tighten as the animal pulls against it;
- (b) consists of two metal rectangles hinged together midway on the long side to open and close like scissors. One jaw has a trigger that can be baited. The opposite jaw has a catch or dog that holds the trap open;
- (c) is triggered by a pan-tension device, the weight of an animal stepping between the jaws of the trap causes the jaws to slam and strangulate the victim's leg or other body part in a vicelike grip.